Kingdom of Lesotho

Bureau of Statistics

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4th QUARTER FOREIGN TRADE STATISTICS REPORT

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Mission:
To coordinate the National Statistical System (NSS) and produce accurate, timely and reliable culturally relevant and internationally comparable statistical data for evidence-based planning, decision making, research, policy, program formulation and monitoring and evaluation to satisfy the needs of users and producers.

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Acronyms

BOS	Bureau of Statistics
BOP	Balance of Payments
CIF	Cost, Insurance and Freight Charges
FOB	Free on Board
HS	Harmonized System
IMTS	International Merchandise Trade Statistics
RSL	Revenue Services Lesotho
NESOI	Not Elsewhere Specified or Included
RSA	Republic of South Africa
SACU	Southern African Customs Union
SADC	Southern African Development Community
SITC	Standard International Trade Classification
USA	United States of America

Chapter 1

1.0 Introduction

Foreign Trade Statistics or International Merchandise Trade Statistics (IMTS) provides information relating to imports and exports of the country. Most of Foreign Trade information is a secondary data from the Revenue Services Lesotho (RSL) administrative records and some forms designed by the same department for tax purposes and other control procedures, not taking into account the IMTS recommendations and classifications.

Trade Statistics covers the physical movement of goods, which add to or subtract from the material resources of a country by entering (imports) or leaving (exports) its economic territory. The goods that are transported through a country (goods in transit), temporarily admitted, or withdrawn (except goods for inward or outward processing) do not add to or subtract from the stock of material resources of a country. These are not included in the international merchandise trade statistics. In the 1970s, annual statistical reports on exports and imports of Lesotho were compiled by BOS from Customs records; however, during the late 1980s to mid-1990s Foreign Trade reports were not regularly published.

1.1 Methodology

Merchandise trade measures the economic interactions between different national economies; it includes all goods that add to or subtract from the material resources of an economy because of their movement into or out of the country during a specific time period.

To provide a complete record of such inward and outward movements of goods, Lesotho has adopted the General Trade System, which records both the imports for direct domestic use and those entered into Customs storage and the direct exports as well as re-exports. However, there are a growing number of international commodity flows which are not captured at all or inadequately captured by Customs (that is, goods out and into tariff free zones, trade of foreign missions, goods consigned by government to armed forces etc.). These commodity flows do not form part of trade statistics, but as soon as such related statistics are collected, they shall be incorporated. The imports and exports are classified using Standard International Trade Classification Revision 4(SITC Rev.4) and Harmonized System (HS) codes level 8

(2017 format). The classifications used are recommendations by United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) through institutions like Eurostat, which are given responsibility over IMTS data. According to recommendations, imports are valued at Cost, Insurance and Freight (CIF) and exports valued at Free on Board (FOB) bases.

1.2 Data collection

There is an inter- agency National Working Group for trade data in Lesotho and the group is made up of; BOS for methodological guidelines and definitions on compilation of external trade statistics as well as analysis and disseminating the results and the RSL for data collection of exports and imports.

RSL as the main source of trade data therefore submit raw data; declaration form and electronic data collected through the ASYCUDA system to BOS for processing Lesotho highlands Development Agency supplies imports and exports data for both electricity and bulk water

1.2.1 Data Processing

The software used for data capturing is EUROTRACE (SQL server). The data is received from RSL ASYCUDA in a form of a text file, which is then uploaded directly into Eurotrace system for data processing. The tables are produced from COMEXT after which the tables are converted into excel for analysis purposes.

Publication

Time targeted for publishing the report is two months after the reference period. Other methods of data dissemination include provision of report soft/hard copies and publication on BOS website.

Chapter 2

2.1 Barter Terms of Trade (TOT)

Barter terms of trade refers to the ratio of average export price (or export unit value) to average import price (or imports unit value); the quantity of imports that can be purchased through the sale of a fixed quantity of exports. It is an important indicator for assessing the purchasing power of a country's exports.

2.1.1 Balance of Trade

Balance of trade refers to the difference between the monetary value of a country's exports and imports over a certain period. A country has a trade deficit if its imports are more than its exports; the opposite scenario is a trade surplus. Figure 1 shows Balance of trade for the fourth quarter of 2022. The trade deficit showed gradual increase from October to November followed by a slight increase from November to December.

Figure 1: The Balance of Trade ('Million Maloti), 4th Quarter 2022

Chapter 3

3.1 Lesotho Merchandise Imports

The imports data presented in this section pertain to the trend of imports for the fourth quarter of 2022. It also provides the percentage values of imports, which give the magnitude of the values in the SITC category, percentage distribution of imports value by major commodities and imports by major trade partners (direction of imports) for the fourth quarter of 2022.

3.1.1 Composition of Merchandise Imports

Table1 portrays the imported commodities in million Maloti by SITC categories for the 4th quarter 2022. The most imported commodities for the fourth quarter in the SITC classification were "Food and live animals" (M1,803), "Manufactured good classified chiefly by material" (M1,404) and "Machinery and transport equipment"(M1,203). The value of SITCs imports decreased by 52.3 percent in October and increased by 16 percent in November and decrease of 16.3 percent was observed for the month of December.

Table 1: Distribution of Imports ('Million Maloti) by SITC Categories, 4th Quarter 2022

SITC	October	November	December
Food and live animals	512.2	698.7	592.5
Beverages and tobacco	110.3	114.9	161.8
Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	49.4	78.8	73.5
Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials	407.1	414.0	365.1
Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	31.6	43.2	18.9
Chemicals and related products, n.e.s.	198.2	246.8	160.3
Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material	443.4	511.6	449.3
Machinery and transport equipment	369.6	462.5	371.0
Miscellaneous manufactured articles	251.4	253.1	236.6
Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC	0.0	-	-
Total	**2,373.2**	**2,823.7**	**2,428.9**
Percentage change	**(52.3)**	**16.0**	**(16.3)**

3.1.2 Percentage Composition of Imports

Figure 2 illustrates the percentage share of the imported commodities (Standard International Trade Classification: SITCs) for the 4th quarter 2022. "Food and live animals" were the most imported commodities with 23.6 percent followed by "Manufactured good classified chiefly by material" and "Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials" with 15.8 percent and 15.6 percent respectively.

Figure 2: The Percentage Distribution of the Imports value by SITCs, 4th Quarter 2022

3.2 Trade by Major Commodities Groups: Imports

Major commodity groups refer to selections of related commodities grouped together to form major groups. Commodities forming a group are of related chapters, for example; "Machinery & Electrical Equipment" which combines machines and electrical appliances; "Food & Beverages" which combines food, beverage and any other consumable commodities.

3.2.1 Imports by Major Commodities

Figure 3 Portrays top ten imported commodities by imports value for fourth quarter of 2022. The imported commodities were valued at 7 626 million for the 4th quarter and "Food & Beverages" contributed the highest percentage share of 25.3 percent, followed by "Mineral Fuel" (19.9 percent) and "Clothes & footwear" (11.2 percent), while "Pharmaceutical products" contributed the least imported commodities with 3.0 percent.

Figure 3: Percentage Distribution of Imported Major Commodities by Value, 4th Quarter 2022

3.3 Main origin of Imports

The sub-section shows the main origin of imports entering Lesotho from the major trading partners. It provides the individual major trading partners who exported to Lesotho during the 4th Quarter of 2022.

3.3.1 Imports by Major Trading Partner Countries

Table 2 presents top ten partner countries by values of imports fourth quarter of 2022. South Africa is the main partner country supplier of Lesotho Imports constituting 82.8 percent of the total goods imported. The rest of the countries contributed less than 5 percent worth of imports for each country.

Table 2: The Value ('Million Maloti) of Imports by Major Trade Partners, 4th Quarter 2022

Partner	Maloti (Millions)	Percentage
South Africa	6,316,954,264	82.8
China	348,101,513	4.6
Taiwan	257,059,525	3.4
India	104,735,445	1.4
Belgium	63,484,975	0.8
Zambia	59,047,348	0.8
Germany	51,080,682	0.7
Zimbabwe	50,940,971	0.7
Japan	46,127,242	0.6
United Arab Emirates	41,200,553	0.5
Total	**7,625,783,609**	**96.2**

Chapter 4

4.1 Lesotho Merchandise Exports

Information presented in this section relates to the trend of exports for the fourth quarter of 2022. It provides the quarterly percentages of exports, which give the magnitude of the values in the SITC category, percentage distribution of exports value by major commodities and exports by major trade partners (direction of exports).

4.1.1 Composition of Merchandise Exports

Table 3 presents the value of exports by SITC categories for the fourth quarter of the year 2022. Exports increased by 25.1 percent from September (in the previous quarter) to November; however, there was an decrease of 5.2 percent in the value of exports in November while in December a decline of 46.5 percent in the value of exports was recorded.

Table 3: The Value of Exports (Million Maloti) by SITCs, 4th Quarter 2022

SITC	October	November	December
Food and live animals	60.47	68.02	58.36
Beverages and tobacco	105.31	105.42	192.62
Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	141.96	149.89	92.33
Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials	0.17	0.47	0.04
Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	0.01	0.14	0.01
Chemicals and related products, n.e.s.	3.55	10.66	2.03
Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material	649.99	325.44	141.94
Machinery and transport equipment	66.47	95.28	47.83
Miscellaneous manufactured articles	442.52	641.81	418.79
Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC	-	-	-
Total	**1,470.46**	**1,397.14**	**953.97**
Percentage change	**25.1**	**-5.2**	**-46.5**

4.1.2 Percentage Composition of Exports

Figure 4 illustrates the percentage values of commodity categories (SITCs) exported in fourth quarter of 2022. “Miscellaneous manufactured articles” were the most exported commodities contributing 39.3 percent of the total exports value, followed by “Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material” with 29.2 percent. “Other” contributed only 5.3 percent of the total exports value.

Figure 4: The Percentage Distribution of the Exports value by SITCs, 4th Quarter 2022

4.2 Trade by Major Commodities Groups: Exports

Major commodity groups were formulated by grouping related commodities together as presented in imports section above. Commodities forming a group may be of related chapters; "Machinery & Electrical Equipment" which combines machines and electrical appliances and grouped as "Machinery & Machinery parts". Diamonds, bulk water and wool & mohair are among other dominating commodities that Lesotho exports.

4.2.1 Exports by Major Commodities

Top ten exported commodities by exports value for fourth quarter of 2021 is shown in figure 5, from the figure it is observed that "Clothing and footwear" contributed the highest share of exports value (42.4 percent) followed by "diamonds" with 22.0 percent. "Vehicles" contributed the least of the top ten exported commodities with only 0.3 percent.

Figure 5: Percentage Distribution of exported Major Commodities by Value, 4th Quarter 2022

4.3 Destination of Exports

The sub-section provides information on the main destination of exported commodities from Lesotho to individual major trading partners. The presented is in Million Maloti and percentages for the fourth quarter 2022.

4.3.1 Exports by Major Trading Partner Countries

Table 4 shows top 10 partner countries by values of goods imported from Lesotho. In the fourth quarter of 2022, Lesotho's major trading partner countries for exports were South Africa (53.5 percent), Belgium (21.8 percent) and U.S.A (20.8). Other countries account for less than 2 percent worth of exports for each country.

Table 4: The Value ('Million Maloti) of Exports by Major Trade Partners, 4th Quarter 2022

Partner	Maloti (Millions)	Percentage
South Africa	2,043,333,310	53.5
Belgium	833,932,476	21.8
U.S.A	795,891,052	20.8
Swaziland	45,254,903	1.2
Germany	25,139,307	0.7
Botswana	18,972,156	0.5
Canada	17,308,512	0.5
Israel	9,248,663	0.2
New Zealand	7,148,432	0.2
United Kingdom	5,961,183	0.2
Total	**3,802,189,993**	**99.5**

Annex I

Technical Notes

The Trade system

There are two trade systems in common use by which international merchandise trade statistics are compiled: the general trade system and the special trade system.

The *general trade system* is in use when the statistical territory of a country coincides with the economic territory. Under the general trade system, imports include all goods entering the economic territory of a compiling country and exports include all goods leaving the economic territory of a compiling country.

The *special trade system* is in use when the statistical territory comprises only a particular part of the economic territory, mainly that part which coincides with the free circulation area for goods.

The free circulation area is a part of the economic territory of a country within which goods may be disposed of without customs restrictions.

The *statistical territory* is the territory with respect to which data are being collected, that is, goods which enter or leave the statistical territory are to be recorded in the external trade statistics.

The *economic territory* is the geographic territory administered by a government within which persons, goods and capital circulate freely.

The *customs territory* is the territory in which the customs law of a country applies in full.

Valuation

A *statistical value* is a value assigned to goods by a compiler of trade statistics, according to the World Trade Organization (WTO) Agreement on Valuation rules.

Imports are valued at C.I.F. (i.e. the value at which goods were purchased plus the cost of transportation up to the border of the importing country and insurance) plus customs duties or other customs charges.

Exports are valued at F.O.B. (i.e. the transaction value of the goods and the value of the services performed to deliver goods to the border of the exporting country).

Standard International Trade Classification (SITC) Rev. 3 Heading Groupings

Heading	Description
0	Food and Live Animals
1	Beverages and Tobacco
2	Crude Materials, Inedible except Fuels
3	Mineral Fuels, Lubricants and Related Materials
4	Animal and Vegetable Oils, Fats and Waxes
5	Chemicals and Related Products, *nes*
6	Manufactured Goods classified Chiefly by Material
7	Machinery and Transport Equipment
8	Miscellaneous Manufactured Articles
9	Commodities and Transactions, not classified elsewhere in SITC
I	Monitory Coins

Annex II

Table1: The Value of Imports and Exports ('Million Maloti) by SITCs and Region, 4th Quarter 2022

Partner \ SITC	Total	Food and live animals	Beverages and tobacco	Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials	Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	Chemicals and related products, n.e.s.	Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material	Machinery and transport equipment	Miscellaneous manufactured articles	Miscellaneous transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC
Botswana	5.1	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	0.2	0.0
Ezwatini	7.5	0.0	0.0	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	2.6	0.0
Namibia	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.8	0.0
South Africa	6,317.0	1,728.7	386.2	53.4	1,154.2	93.7	431.2	898.9	924.0	646.6	0.0
SACU	**6,331.4**	**1,729.1**	**386.2**	**58.1**	**1,154.2**	**93.7**	**431.2**	**900.1**	**928.5**	**650.2**	**0.0**
Comoros	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
madagasca	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malawi	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mauritius	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mozambique	38.1	0.0	0.0	29.9	8.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Angola	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tanzania	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Zimbabwe	50.9	0.0	0.0	50.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Zambia	59.0	0.0	0.0	57.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0
DRC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SADC	**6,479.7**	**1,729.1**	**386.2**	**196.6**	**1,162.3**	**93.7**	**431.5**	**900.1**	**930.0**	**650.2**	**0.0**
					Exports						
Botswana	19.0	0.0	0.0	9.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.0	0.6	0.2	0.0
Ezwatini	45.3	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.8	43.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
Namibia	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0
South Africa	2,043.3	171.1	403.3	359.5	0.7	0.2	7.1	159.1	201.9	740.6	0.0
SACU	**2,107.9**	**171.2**	**403.3**	**368.6**	**0.7**	**0.2**	**8.9**	**211.1**	**202.9**	**740.9**	**0.0**
Comoros	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
madagasca	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malawi	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mauritius	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mozambique	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.3	0.0
Angola	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tanzania	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
Zimbabwe	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0
Zambia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DRC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SADC	**2,111.6**	**171.2**	**403.3**	**368.6**	**0.7**	**0.2**	**9.1**	**211.1**	**202.9**	**744.4**	**0.0**

Table 2: Total Value of Imports ('Million Maloti) by SITCs and Partner, 4th Quarter 2022

Partner \ SITCr4	Total	Food and live animals	Beverages and tobacco	Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials	Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	Chemicals and related products, n.e.s.	Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material	Machinery and transport equipment	Miscellaneous manufactured articles and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC
UAE	41.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.3	0.0	0.0	13.6	0.3	7.0
Austria	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.1	0.2
Australia	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.2
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bangladesh	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.1
Belgium	63.5	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	62.9	0.0	0.0	0.3
Bulgaria	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0
Brazil	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
Botswana	5.1	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	0.2
Canada	28.5	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	25.8	0.0
Switzerland	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.1
China	348.1	1.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	5.6	211.5	107.6	21.0
Czech Republic	35.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	35.7	0.0
Germany	51.1	32.5	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.8	16.0	0.8
Djibouti	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0
Denmark	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.4	0.0
Estonia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spain	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0
Ethiopia	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Ezwatini	7.5	0.0	0.0	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	2.6
France	8.9	8.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.0
United Kingdom	9.9	0.0	0.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	2.7	0.1	3.8	2.3
Ghana	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Guinea	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Guadeloupe	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
Hong Kong	26.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.1	9.0	2.1	14.0

Crotia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hungary	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indonesia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ireland	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Israel	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.8	0.0	0.0
India	104.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	59.6	38.0	5.0	1.2	0.0
Iceland	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0
Italy	8.1	0.6	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.4	2.5	0.0
Jordan	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0
Japan	46.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	45.8	0.2	0.0
Kenya	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0
Korea	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kuwait	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lebanon	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sri Lanka	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lithuania	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0
Latvia	29.6	29.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Morocco	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Madagascar	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mauritius	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malawi	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mexico	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Malaysia	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	1.0	0.0
Mozambique	38.1	0.0	0.0	29.9	8.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Namibia	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.8	0.0
New Caledonia	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nigeria	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Netherlands	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.9	0.1	0.9	0.1	0.0
Philippines	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pakistan	19.6	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	18.4	0.0	0.2	0.0
Poland	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Portugal	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rwanda	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
Sweden	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Singapore	3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.6	0.0	0.0
Slovenia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Slovakia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Thailand	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Turkey	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.0
Taiwan	257.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.8	202.3	13.5	35.4	0.0
Tanzania	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
U.S.A	24.5	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	19.6	0.7	1.0	2.5	0.0
Viet Nam	6.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Africa	6,317.0	1,728.7	386.2	53.4	1,154.2	93.7	431.2	898.9	924.0	646.6	0.0
Zambia	59.0	0.0	0.0	57.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0
Zimbabwe	50.9	0.0	0.0	50.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	**7,625.8**	**1,803.4**	**387.1**	**201.7**	**1,186.2**	**93.7**	**605.2**	**1,404.3**	**1,203.1**	**741.1**	**0.0**

Table 3: Total Value of Exports ('Million Maloti) by SITCs and Partner, 4th Quarter 2022

Partner \ SITCr4	Total	Food and live animals	Beverages and tobacco	Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials	Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	Chemicals and related products, n.e.s.	Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material	Machinery and transport equipment	Miscellaneous manufactured articles	Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC
UAE	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.0
Angola	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austria	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Australia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Belgium	833.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	833.5	0.5	0.0	0.0
Botswana	19.0	0.0	0.0	9.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.0	0.6	0.2	0.0
Canada	17.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.3	0.0
DRC	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0
Switzerland	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
China	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Germany	25.1	3.0	0.0	4.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	17.2	0.0
Algeria	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Egypt	3.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spain	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0
Ethiopia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
France	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
United Kingdom	6.0	0.8	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.1	0.0	0.0
Equatorial Guinea	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Hong Kong	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hungary	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Israel	9.2	0.0	0.0	9.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
India	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italy	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jordan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Japan	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0
Kenya	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Korea	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0
Madagascar	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Malta	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mauritius	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malawi	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mexico	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	0.0
Malaysia	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mozambique	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.3	0.0
Namibia	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0
Netherlands	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	2.1	0.0
New Zealand	7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pakistan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swaziland	45.3	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.8	43.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
Turkey	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trinadad & Tobago	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Taiwan	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
Tanzania	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
U.S.A	795.9	11.8	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	68.4	0.0	714.9	0.0
Viet Nam	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Africa	2,043.3	171.1	403.3	359.5	0.7	0.2	7.1	159.1	201.9	740.6	0.0
Zambia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Zimbabwe	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0
Total	**3,821.6**	**186.9**	**403.3**	**384.2**	**0.7**	**0.2**	**16.2**	**1,117.4**	**209.6**	**1,503.1**	**0.0**