



Kingdom of Lesotho



**Statistical Report
NO 18: 2016**

CRIME STATISTICS REPORT 2015



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Mission: To Coordinate the National Statistical System (NSS) and produce accurate, timely, reliable, culturally relevant and internationally comparable statistical data for evidence-based planning, decision making, research, policy, program formulation and monitoring and evaluation to satisfy the needs of users and producers.

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1.0 Background

The Lesotho Mounted Police Services (LMPS) collects raw data on all cases of crime from all the Police Stations throughout the country and compile it according to districts. The raw data is then forwarded to the Bureau of Statistics (BOS) to be compiled, tabulated and analysed and a yearly crime statistics report is produced. This report mainly focuses on crime cases reported from the 1st January to 31st December 2015 and not consider any actions taken thereafter.

The LMPS classified all the reported cases into two main groups, namely, serious and general cases. In 2015, the reported Serious Cases of Crime comprises of Armed Robbery, Assault GBH (Assault with intend to cause grievous bodily harm), Attempted Murder, Car Theft, Fraud, House Breaking, Human Trafficking, Murder, Robbery, Sexual Offence, Stock Theft and Stock Robbery, whilst the reported General Cases of Crime comprises of Abduction, Arms & Ammunition, Assault Common, Child Protection, Concealment of Childbirth, Culpable Homicide, Habit Drugs, Internal Security, Liquor Offence, Malicious Damage, Road Traffic Accident, Theft By False Pretence, Theft Common, Theft From Car, Traffic Offences Unlawful Possession of Stock, and Others.

Unlike other statistical reports produced by the BOS, data on crime is not classified by age, sex and socio-economic categories because it deals with cases of crime reported not with person directly involved.

2.0 Reported Serious Cases of Crime

Serious Cases of Crime reported in the year 2015 comprises of Armed Robbery, Assault GBH (Assault with intend to cause grievous bodily harm), Attempted Murder, Car Theft, Fraud, House Breaking, Human Trafficking, Murder, Robbery, Sexual Offence, Stock Theft and Stock Robbery

2.1 Types of Serious Cases of Crime

This section focuses on types of Serious Cases of Crime reported through out the country. Table 2.1 presents number and percentage distribution of types of Serious Cases of Crime reported in 2015. Total of 14,010 serious cases were reported during the year. House Breaking was the most reported crime with 33.4 percent. Second to House Breaking were cases of Stock Theft estimated at 19.3 percent. Cases of Sexual Offence and Assault GBH were estimated at 11.7 and 10.1 respectively while remaining serious cases ranged from 2.1 to 7.1 percent with Human Trafficking and Stock Robbery being the least reported crimes with less than 1.0 percent.

Table 2.1: Number and Percentage Distribution of Reported Serious Cases of Crime – 2015

Serious Cases of Crime	Number	Percentage
Armed Robbery	584	4.2
Assault GBH	1,412	10.1
Attempted-Murder	360	2.6
Car Theft	168	1.2
Fraud	309	2.2
House Breaking	4,680	33.4
Murder	897	6.4
Robbery	1,197	8.5
Sexual Offence	1,646	11.7
Stock Theft	2,707	19.3
Stock Robbery	33	0.2
Human Trafficking	17	0.1
Total	14,010	100.0

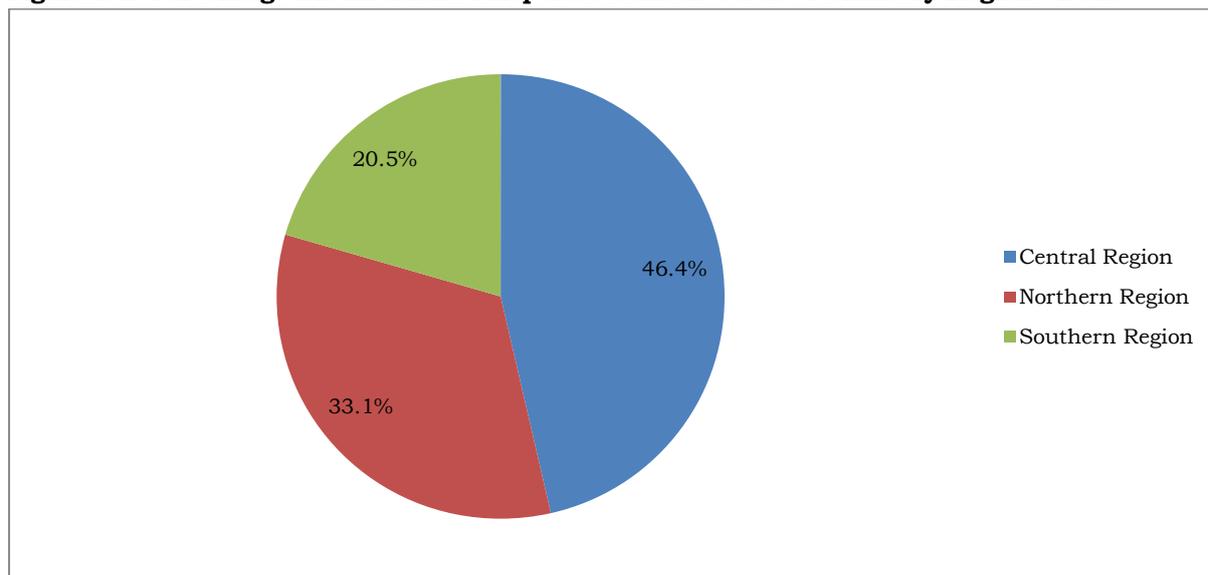
Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

2.2 Serious Cases of Crime in Regions

Police Stations are categorised into three regions, namely; Central Region, Northern Region and Southern Region. Central Region comprises of Maseru Urban, Maseru Rural and Thaba-Tseka; the Northern Region comprises of Berea, Leribe, Botha-Bothe and Mokhotlong and the Southern Region comprises of Mafeteng, Mohale's Hoek, Quthing and Qacha's Nek.

Figure 2.1 shows the percentage distribution of all reported Serious Cases of Crime in these three regions. The Central Region reported the largest (46.4 percent) proportion of cases followed by Northern Region with 33.1 percent while the lowest was the Southern Region with the representation of 20.5 percent.

Figure 2.1: Percentage Distribution of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Region - 2015



Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

Table 2.2 shows the percentage distribution of types of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by region. As revealed by this table, cases of House Breaking were reported mostly in all three regions. Central Region reported the largest proportion of House Breaking (34.9 percent), Stock Theft cases followed by 16.6 percent while 13.0 percent of Robbery was reported.

In Northern Region the largest (31.5 percent) proportion of House Breaking was reported. Stock Theft cases followed with 26.1 percent while 13.9 percent of Sexual Offence was reported.

In the same way, Southern Region reported the largest proportion of House Breaking with 33.0 percent however Assault GBH followed with 16.3 percent while Stock Theft and Sexual Offence constituted 14.7 and 14.4 percent respectively.

Table 2.2: Percentage Distribution of Types of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Region - 2015

Serious Cases of Crime	Central Region	Northern Region	Southern Region
Armed Robbery	5.5	3.1	2.9
Assault GBH	7.1	10.4	16.3
Attempted-Murder	2.8	1.5	3.9
Car Theft	1.8	0.8	0.7
Fraud	3.3	1.3	1.2
House Breaking	34.9	31.5	33.0
Murder	5.8	5.6	9.2
Robbery	13.0	5.4	3.6
Sexual Offence	9.0	13.9	14.4
Stock Theft	16.6	26.1	14.7
Stock Robbery	0.2	0.4	0.1
Human Trafficking	0.1	0.1	0.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2013 – Police Head Quarters

2.3 Serious Cases of Crime in Districts

Reported Serious Cases of Crime were classified by districts. Table 2.3 presents the number and percentage distribution of reported Serious Cases of Crime in districts. According to the table, the proportion of Serious Cases of Crime was observed to be mostly reported in Maseru district with 39.9 percent. Leribe district followed with 14.3 percent while Mafeteng district reported 14.3 percent. Other districts reported Serious Cases of Crime ranging from 4.5 to 8.2 percent with Quthing being the lowest with 3.1 percent.

Table 2.3: Number and Percentage Distribution of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by District - 2015

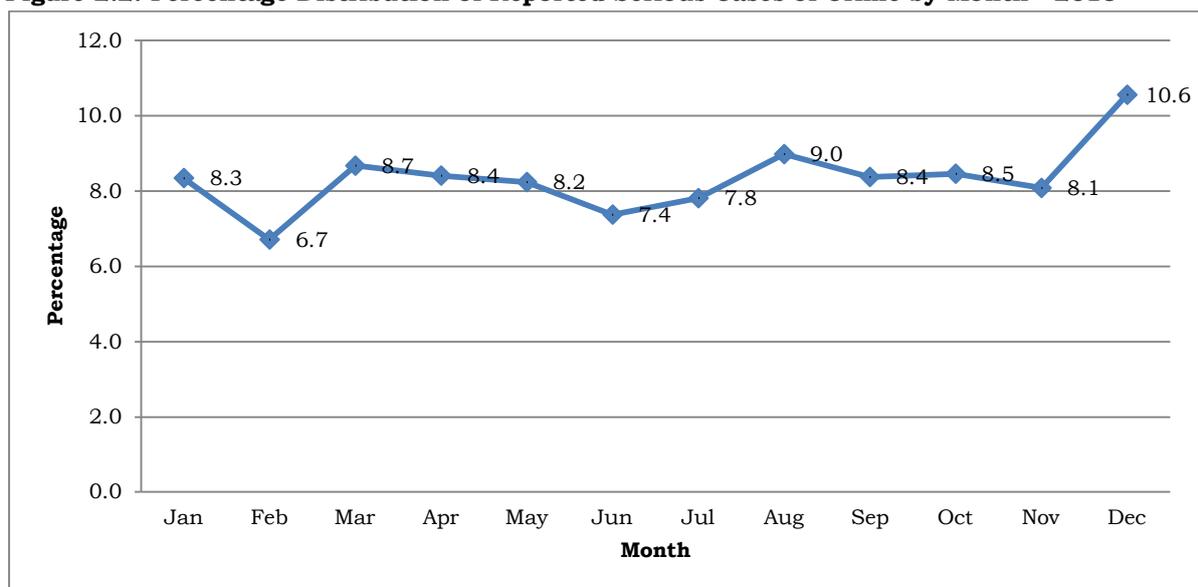
District	Number	Percentage
Botha-Bothe	769	5.5
Leribe	2,000	14.3
Berea	1,106	7.9
Maseru	5,587	39.9
Mafeteng	1,154	8.2
Mohale's Hoek	628	4.5
Quthing	428	3.1
Qacha's Nek	662	4.7
Mokhotlong	764	5.5
Thaba-Tseka	912	6.5
Total	14,010	100.0

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

2.4 Serious Cases of Crime by Month

Serious Cases of Crime were further analysed by month in which they were reported. Figure 2.2 illustrates the percentage distribution of Serious Cases of Crime reported by month. As illustrated by this figure, the highest proportion of Serious Cases of Crime was reported in December (9.7 percent) while the second highest proportion was reported in August with 9.0 percent. The lowest proportion of Serious Cases of Crime was reported in February with 6.7 percent.

Figure 2.2: Percentage Distribution of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Month - 2015



Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

The percentage distribution of reported Serious Cases of Crime by type and month is presented in Table 2.4 below. The table shows that, House Breaking was the

highly reported type of crime throughout the year followed by Stock Theft. Human Trafficking and Stock Robbery were the least reported serious cases of crime throughout the year.

Table 2.4: Percentage Distribution of Types of Serious Cases of Crime by Month - 2015

Type of Crime	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
Armed Robbery	2.1	2.8	50.8	4.1	4.2	4.0	5.0	4.7	5.4	4.5	5.8	4.3
Assault GBH	13.9	10.7	4.1	7.8	7.6	9.3	9.8	9.2	11.8	8.8	9.5	13.7
Attempted-Murder	2.6	1.9	0.9	2.7	3.3	2.8	2.4	2.5	2.3	1.9	2.8	3.5
Car Theft	1.5	1.3	0.7	1.0	0.8	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.1	1.6
Fraud	2.6	2.0	1.6	2.3	1.6	2.1	1.6	2.1	1.3	2.5	2.7	2.3
House Breaking	30.1	33.6	17.2	34.4	35.4	32.8	36.6	34.1	34.5	33.8	33.5	29.3
Murder	6.2	4.9	2.9	6.1	5.5	5.8	4.8	7.0	7.1	7.4	6.4	8.9
Robbery	8.2	9.6	4.6	8.1	9.4	7.0	7.8	8.4	7.4	8.8	10.0	8.7
Sexual Offence	13.9	11.9	6.4	10.0	9.5	11.2	10.4	10.4	12.2	13.9	12.7	12.0
Stock Theft	18.6	21.2	10.7	23.1	21.9	23.5	20.5	20.3	16.3	16.9	15.0	15.4
Stock Robbery	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.3	0.1	0.2
Human Trafficking	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1
Total	100.0											

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

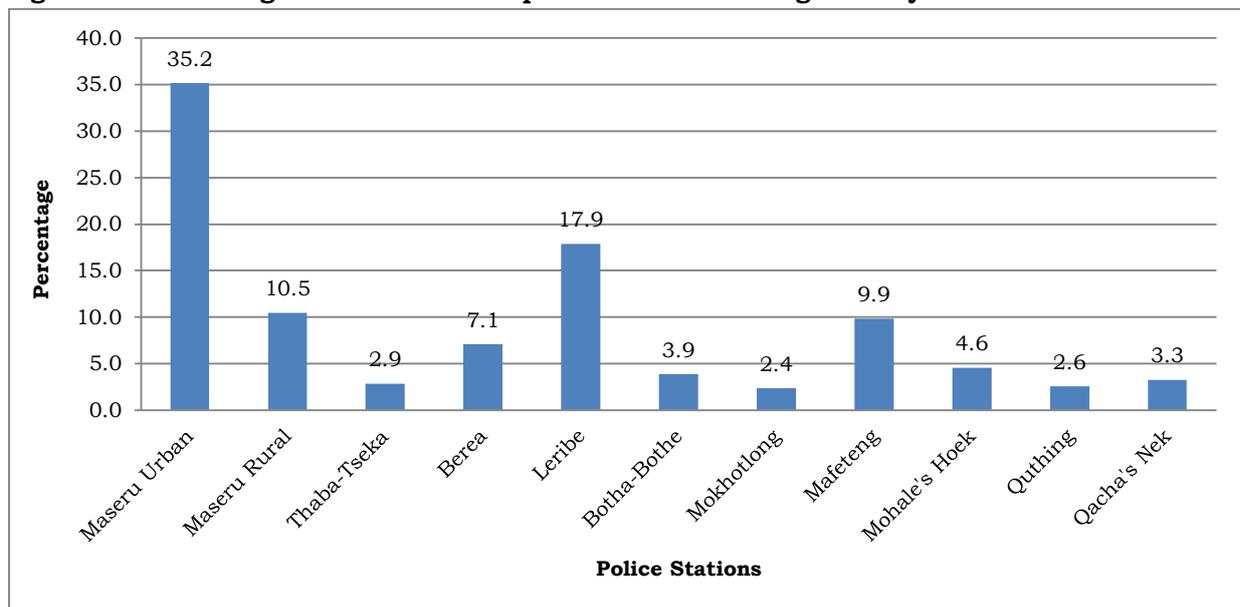
3.0 Behaviour of Each Type of Serious Cases of Crime

This section aims to discuss the type of Serious Cases of Crime that were reported in different Police Stations across the country during the year 2015.

3.1 House Breaking

This section discusses House Breaking according to each Police Station to find out where it was highly reported. Figure 3.1 illustrates the percentage distribution of reported House Breaking cases in Police Stations in 2015. Of all the reported House Breaking cases, the highest proportion was reported in Maseru Urban with 35.2 percent while Leribe reported the second highest with 17.9 percent and Mokhotlong reported the lowest proportion of house breaking cases with 2.4 percent.

Figure 3.1: Percentage Distribution of Reported House Breaking cases by Police Stations - 2015

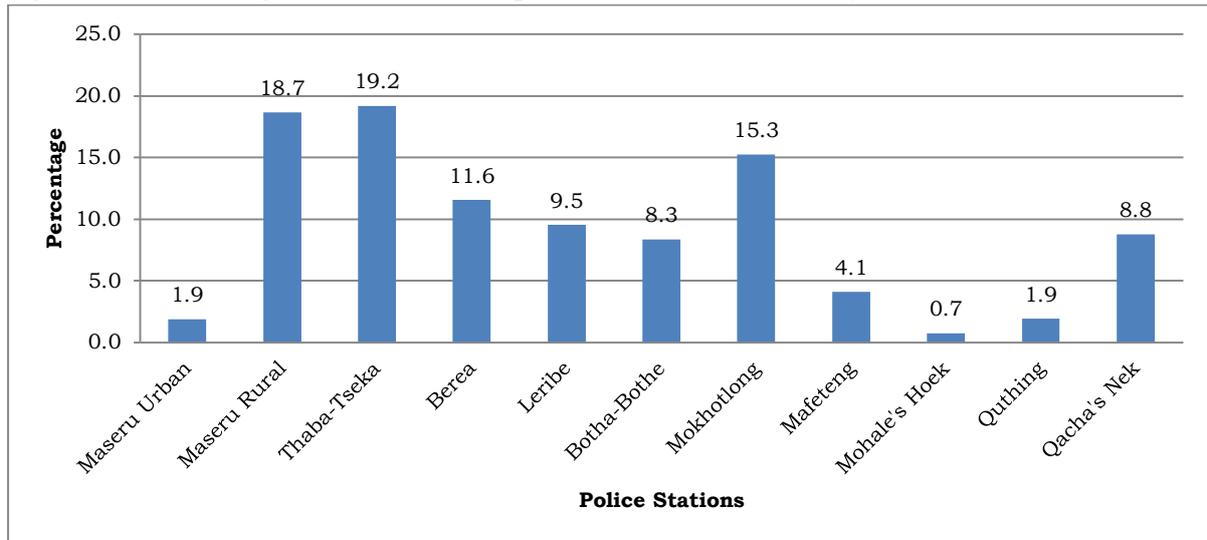


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

3.2 Stock Theft

Stock Theft as another reported type of Serious Crime is analysed in this section. Figure 3.2 presents the percentage distribution of reported Stock Theft cases by Police Station. It is observed from the figure that Thaba-Tseka recorded the highest proportion of Stock Theft cases with 19.2 percent. The Second was Maseru Rural with 18.7 percent while the remaining Police Stations reported Stock Theft cases ranging from 1.9 to 15.3 percent with Mohale's Hoek recording the fewest cases (0.7 percent).

Figure 3.2: Percentage Distribution of reported Stock Theft cases by Police Stations - 2015

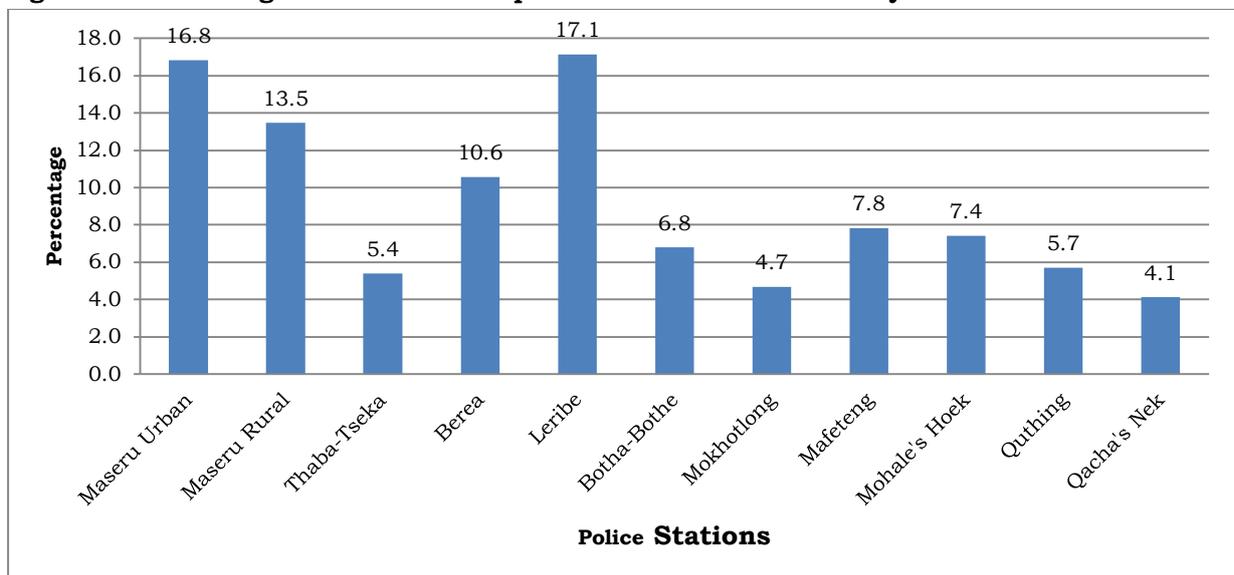


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

3.3 Sexual Offence

Sexual offence is another type of Serious Cases of Crime reported in 2015. Figure 3.3 illustrates the percentage distribution of Sexual Offence cases by Police Station for 2015. According to the figure, the highest proportion of Sexual Offences cases was reported in Leribe (17.1) followed by Maseru Urban Police Stations with 16.8 percent. Qacha's Nek reported the lowest proportion (4.1 percent) of Sexual Offence cases.

Figure 3.3: Percentage Distribution of reported Sexual Offence cases by Police Stations - 2015

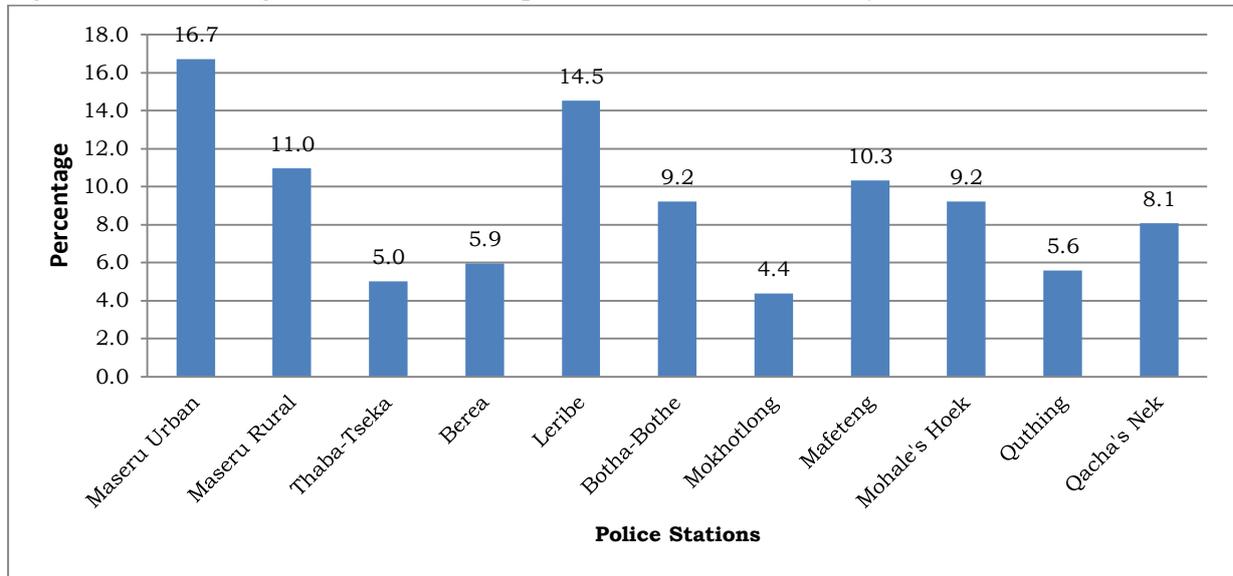


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

3.4 Assault with Intent to Cause Grievous Bodily Harm (GBH)

In 2015, Assault (GBH) was also included in the list of reported Serious Cases of Crime. Figure 3.4 presents the percentage distribution of reported Assault GBH cases in Police Station. As indicated by this figure, Maseru Urban recorded the largest proportion of Assault GBH (16.7 percent) while 14.5 of these cases were reported in Mafeteng. Mokhotlong reported the lowest with 4.4 percent.

Figure 3.4: Percentage Distribution of Reported Assault GBH cases by Police Stations – 2015

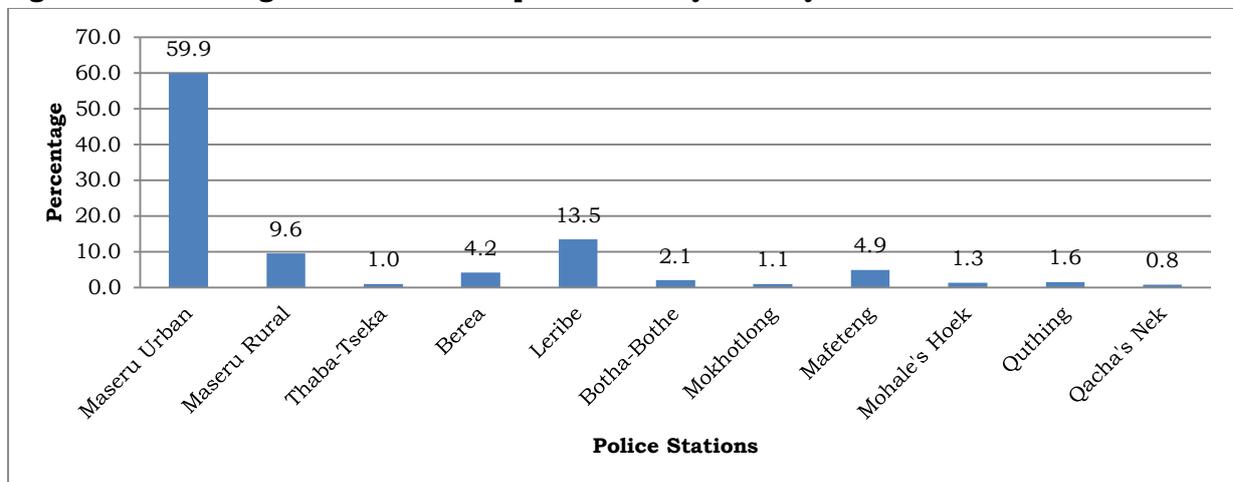


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

3.5 Robbery

This section focuses on Robbery as another type of Serious Cases of Crime reported in 2015. Figure 3.5 shows the percentage distribution of reported Robbery cases in Police Stations around the country. According to the figure, more than half (59.9 percent) of the Robbery cases were reported in Police Stations situated in Maseru Urban followed by 13.5 percent reported in Leribe. The remaining Police Stations reported Robbery cases ranging from 1.0 (Thaba-Tseka) to 9.6 (Maseru Rural) percent with Qacha's Nek recording the fewest cases (0.8 percent).

Figure 3.5: Percentage Distribution of reported Robbery cases by Police Stations – 2015

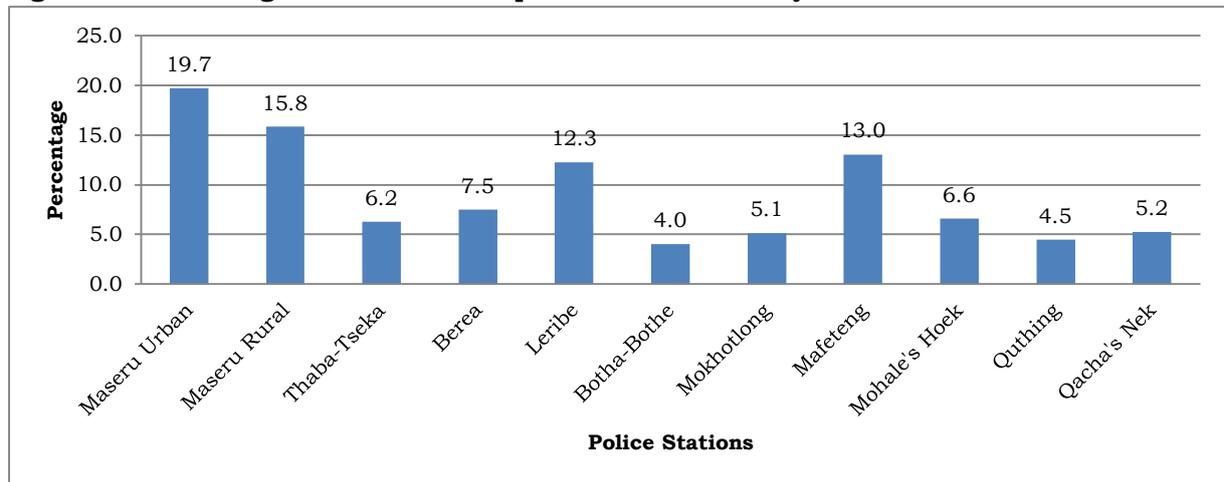


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

3.6 Murder

Murder cases were also reported during 2015. Figure 3.6 highlights the percentage distribution of Murder cases reported in Police Station in 2015. As shown by the figure, 19.7 percent of Murder cases were reported in Maseru Urban Police Stations while Maseru Rural and Mafeteng reported 15.8 and 13.0 percent respectively. The remaining Police Stations reported Murder cases ranging from 4.5 to 12.3 percent with Botha Bothe recording the lowest number of cases (4.0 percent).

Figure 3.6: Percentage Distribution of reported Murder cases by Police Stations – 2015

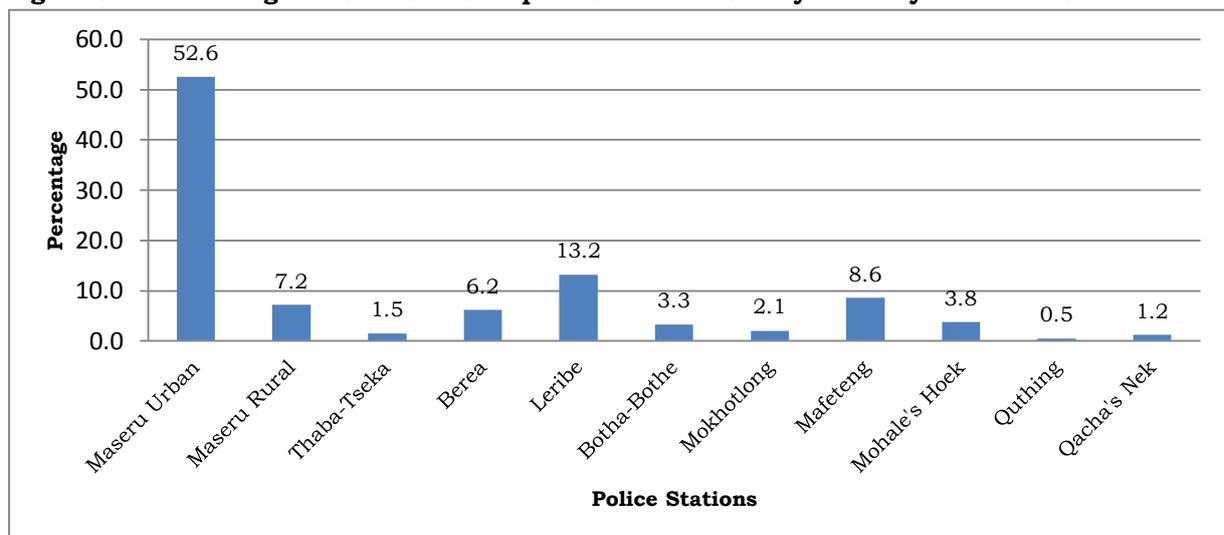


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

3.7 Armed Robbery

Armed Robbery cases were reported in 2015. Figure 3.7 shows the percentage distribution of reported Armed Robbery cases in Police Station throughout the country. The figure depicts that more than half (52.6 percent) of Armed Robbery cases were reported in Maseru Urban. Leribe reported the second highest number of cases (13.2 percent) while Quthing Police Stations reported the fewest Armed Robbery cases of 0.5 percent.

Figure 3.7: Percentage Distribution of reported Armed Robbery cases by Police Stations - 2015

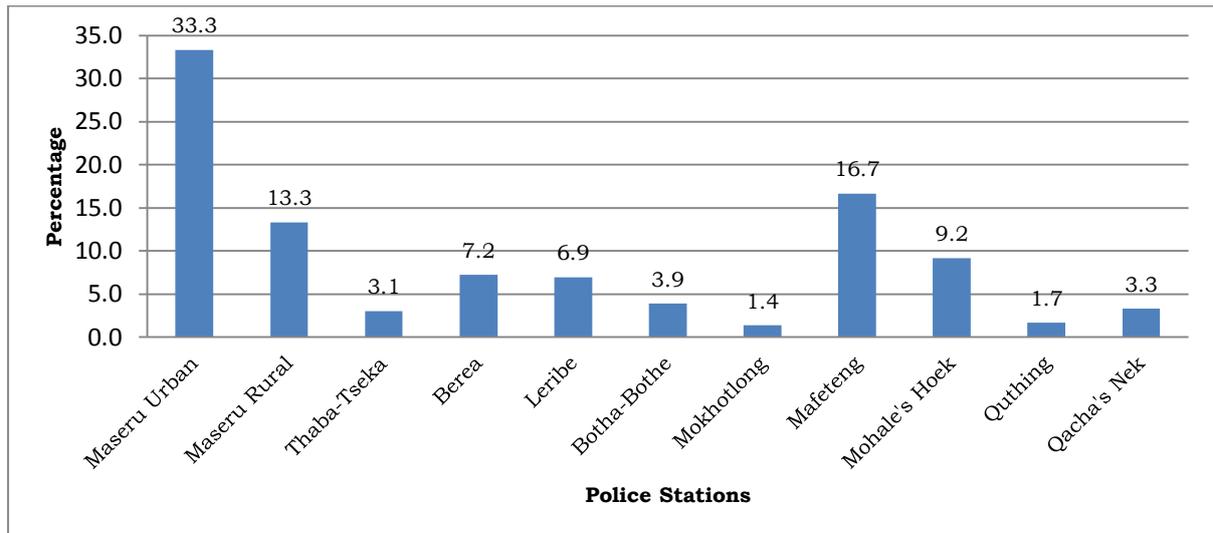


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

3.8 Attempted Murder

Attempted Murder is another reported Case of Crime in the year 2015. Figure 3.8 show the percentage distribution of Attempted Murder cases by Police Station. A largest proportion of Attempted Murder cases were reported in Maseru Urban (33.3 percent) while Mafeteng reported the second highest (16.6 percent) followed by Maseru Rural Police Stations with 13.1 percent). As indicated by this figure, Mokhotlong reported the lowest proportion of Attempted Murder cases (1.4 percent) while cases in remaining Police Stations ranged from 1.7 to 9.2 percent.

Figure 3.8: Percentage Distribution of reported Attempted Murder cases by Police Stations – 2015



Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

3.9 Fraud

In 2015, Fraud also appears on the list of reported Serious Cases of Crime. Table 3.1 shows the number and percentage distribution of Fraud cases reported in various Police Stations around the country. According to the table, the largest proportion of Fraud cases were reported mostly in Maseru Urban Police Station (64.7 percent) and Leribe reported the second highest with 6.5 percent. Maseru Rural Police Station reported the lowest proportion of these cases (1.9 percent) while the remaining Police Station reported cases of Fraud ranging from 2.3 in Mohale's Hoek to 4.5 percent in Berea and Mokhotlong.

Table 3.1: Number and Percentage Distribution of Reported Fraud cases by Police Stations – 2015

Fraud Cases	Number	Percentage
Maseru Urban	200	64.7
Maseru Rural	6	1.9
Thaba-Tseka	8	2.6
Berea	14	4.5
Leribe	20	6.5
Botha-Bothe	12	3.9
Mokhotlong	14	4.5
Mafeteng	11	3.6
Mohale's Hoek	7	2.3
Quthing	10	3.2
Qacha's Nek	7	2.3
Total	309	100.0

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

3.10 Car Theft

During the year 2015, Car Theft cases were also reported across the country. The percentage distribution of Car Theft cases reported in Police Stations is portrayed in table 3.2 below. According to the table, the largest proportion (62.5 percent) of Car Theft cases were reported in Police Stations situated in Maseru Urban and Leribe Police Stations reported the second highest with 11.9 percent. Thaba-Tseka, Botha-Bothe and Nek Police Stations reported the lowest proportion of 1.2 percent each.

Table 3.2: Number and Percentage Distribution of Reported Car Theft cases by Police Stations - 2015

Car Theft Cases	Number	Percentage
Maseru Urban	105	62.5
Maseru Rural	7	4.2
Thaba-Tseka	2	1.2
Berea	9	5.4
Leribe	20	11.9
Botha-Bothe	2	1.2
Mokhotlong	4	2.4
Mafeteng	7	4.2
Mohale's Hoek	5	3.0
Quthing	5	3.0
Qacha's Nek	2	1.2
Total	168	100.0

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

3.11 Stock Robbery

Stock Robbery is another reported Serious Crime in 2015 around the country. Table 3.3 shows number and percentage distribution of Stock Robbery cases reported in Police Stations. The largest proportion of Stock Robbery cases were reported in Botha-Bothe Police Stations with 36.4 percent. Maseru Urban Police Stations reported the second highest with 30.3 percent followed by Mokhotlong and Qacha's Nek Police Stations with 24.2 and 9.1 percent of reported Stock Robbery cases respectively. The remaining Police Station did not report any Stock Robbery cases in 2015.

Table 3.3: Number and Percentage Distribution of Reported Stock Robbery cases by Police Stations – 2015

Stock Robbery Cases	Number	Percentage
Maseru Urban	10	30.3
Maseru Rural	0	0
Thaba-Tseka	0	0
Berea	0	0
Leribe	0	0
Botha-Bothe	12	36.4
Mokhotlong	8	24.2
Mafeteng	7	0
Mohale's Hoek	5	0
Quthing	5	0
Qacha's Nek	3	9.1
Total	33	100.0

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

3.12 Human Trafficking

Human Trafficking was also reported in some parts of the country during 2015. Table 3.4 highlights the number and percentage distribution of Human Trafficking in Police Stations. According to this Table, more than half (52.9 percent) of Human Trafficking cases reported were mostly in Maseru Urban Police Stations. Leribe reported the second highest number of cases (29.4 percent) followed by Mafeteng and Qacha's Nek with 11.8 and 5.9 percent of reported Human Trafficking cases respectively. Maseru Rural, Thaba-Tseka, Berea, Botha-Bothe, Mokhotlong, Mohale's Hoek and Quthing Police Stations did not report any Human Trafficking cases in 2015.

Table 3.4: Number and Percentage Distribution of reported Human Trafficking cases by Police Stations -2015

Human Trafficking Cases	Number	Percentage
Maseru Urban	9	52.9
Maseru Rural	0	0
Thaba-Tseka	0	0
Berea	0	0
Leribe	5	29.4
Botha-Bothe	0	0
Mokhotlong	0	0
Mafeteng	2	11.8
Mohale's Hoek	0	0
Quthing	0	0
Qacha's Nek	1	5.9
Total	17	100.0

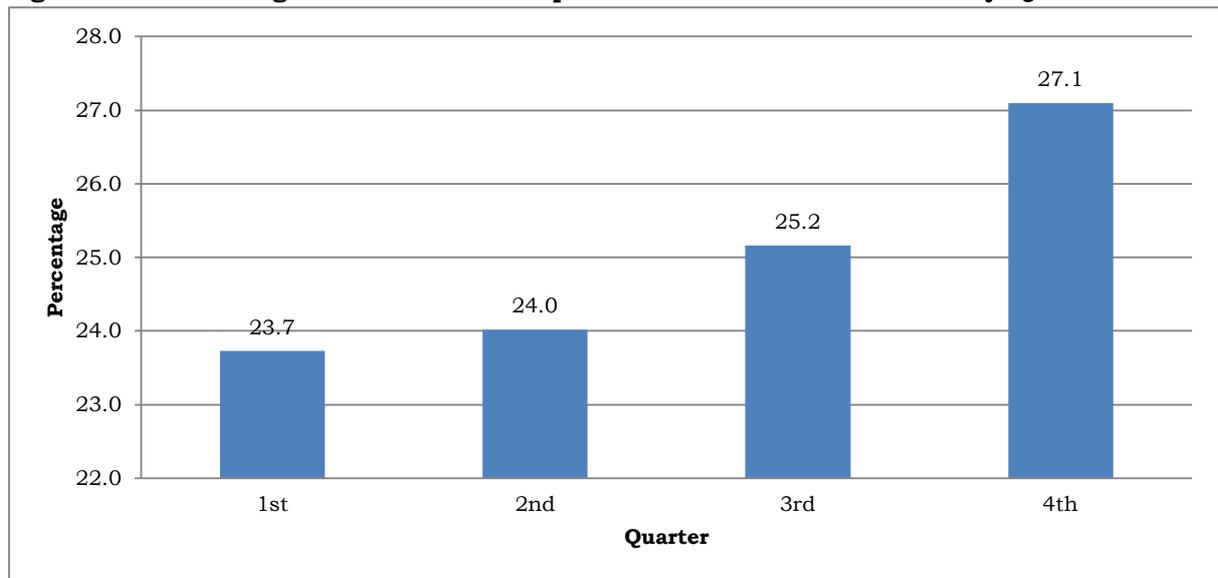
Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

4.0 Serious Cases of Crime by Quarter

This section presents the quarterly statistics on Serious Cases of Crime reported in 2015. One year period that begins on the 1st of January and ends on the 31st December is used in determining quarters.

Figure 4.1 portrays the percentage distribution of reported Serious Cases of Crime by quarter. In general, there was a slight difference across four quarters of 2015, for instance 27.1 percent of Serious Cases were reported during fourth quarter while third quarter reported 25.2 percent. However, the first quarter generally reported the least with 23.7 percent.

Figure 4.1: Percentage Distribution of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Quarter - 2015



Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2013 – Police Head Quarters

4.1 Types of Serious Cases of Crime by Quarter

This section focuses and analyses reported Serious Cases of Crime by quarter. Table 4.1 presents percentage distribution of Serious Cases of Crime reported by quarter. In general, it is observed from the table that the top two leading Serious cases of crime reported throughout all quarters of 2015 are House Breaking and Stock Theft. For instance, 35.0 percent of House Breaking cases were reported during the third quarter while 22.8 percent of Stock Theft cases were reported during the second quarter.

Furthermore, the results show that the pattern for each type of crime is generally the same throughout the year. For example, in each quarter, the least reported cases were Human Trafficking and Stock Robbery.

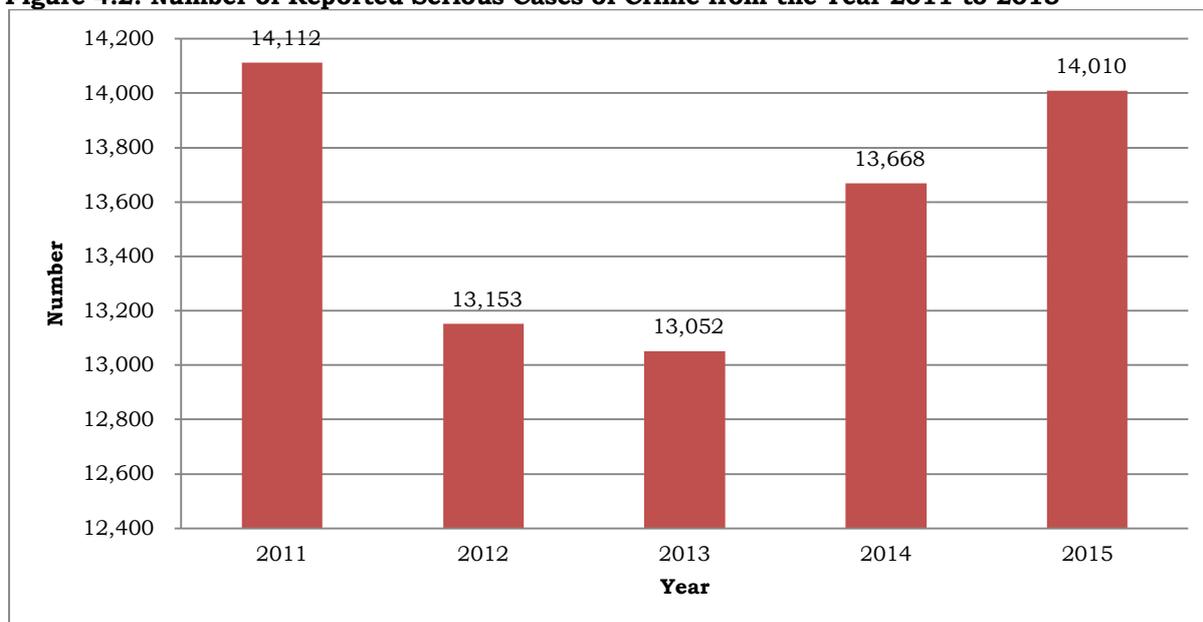
Table 4.1: Percentage Distribution of Reported Serious Cases by Quarter - 2015

Type of Crime	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
Armed Robbery	2.6	4.1	5.0	4.8
Assault GBH	10.9	8.2	10.2	10.9
Attempted Murder	2.1	2.9	2.4	2.8
Car Theft	1.4	1.0	1.1	1.3
Fraud	2.6	2.0	1.7	2.5
House Breaking	32.5	34.3	35.0	32.0
Murder	5.7	5.8	6.3	7.7
Robbery	8.9	8.2	7.9	9.1
Sexual Offence	12.8	10.2	11.0	12.8
Stock Theft	20.2	22.8	19.0	15.8
Stock Robbery	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2
Human Trafficking	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015- Police Head Quarters

4.2 Trend in Reported Serious Cases of Crime, 2011 - 2015

This section examines the number of crime cases reported and the trend of reported Serious Cases of Crime across the country from 2011 to 2015. Figure 4.2 depicts the number of reported Serious Cases of Crime from the year 2011 to 2015. According to the figure, from 2011 to 2012 the rate of reported Serious Cases declined significantly by 6.8 percent. Furthermore, from 2012 to 2013 the rate of reported Serious Cases dropped off by 6.8 percent. Nevertheless, an increase of 7.2 percent of reported Serious Cases is observed from 2013 to 2015.

Figure 4.2: Number of Reported Serious Cases of Crime from the Year 2011 to 2015

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 - Police Head Quarters

5.0 Reported General Cases of Crime

General Cases of Crime reported in the year 2015 are Abduction, Arms & Ammunition, Arson, Assault Common, Child Protection, Concealment of Childbirth, Habit Drugs, Internal Security, Malicious Damage, Road Traffic Accident (RTA), Theft By False Pretence, Theft Common, Theft From Car, Traffic Offences Unlawful Possession of Stock and Others.

5.1 Types of General Cases of Crime

Section 5.1 mainly focuses on General Cases of Crime reported in 2015 throughout the country. Table 5.1 presents number and percentage distribution of General Cases of Crime reported in 2015. During this period, total of 27,867 General cases were reported. Of all the General cases reported, Traffic Offence was the most reported crime with 27.3 percent. The Second cases were of Assault Common estimated at 23.3 percent. Cases of Road Traffic Accident and Theft Common were estimated at 18.2 and 14.7 percent respectively while the remaining general cases ranged from 0.4 to 5.2 percent.

Table 5.1: Number and Percentage Distribution of Types of Reported General Cases of Crime - 2015

Type of Crime	Number	Percentage
Abduction	106	0.4
Arms & Ammunition	454	1.6
Arson	316	1.1
Assault Common	6,483	23.3
Child Protection	124	0.4
Concealment of Childbirth	148	0.5
Habit Drugs	100	0.4
Internal Security	489	1.8
Malicious Damage	1,463	5.2
Road Traffic Accident	5,063	18.2
Theft By False Pretence	152	0.5
Theft Common	4,107	14.7
Theft From Car	260	0.9
Traffic Offences	7,609	27.3
Unlawful Possession Of Stock	160	0.6
Other General Crimes	833	3.0
Total	27,867	100.0

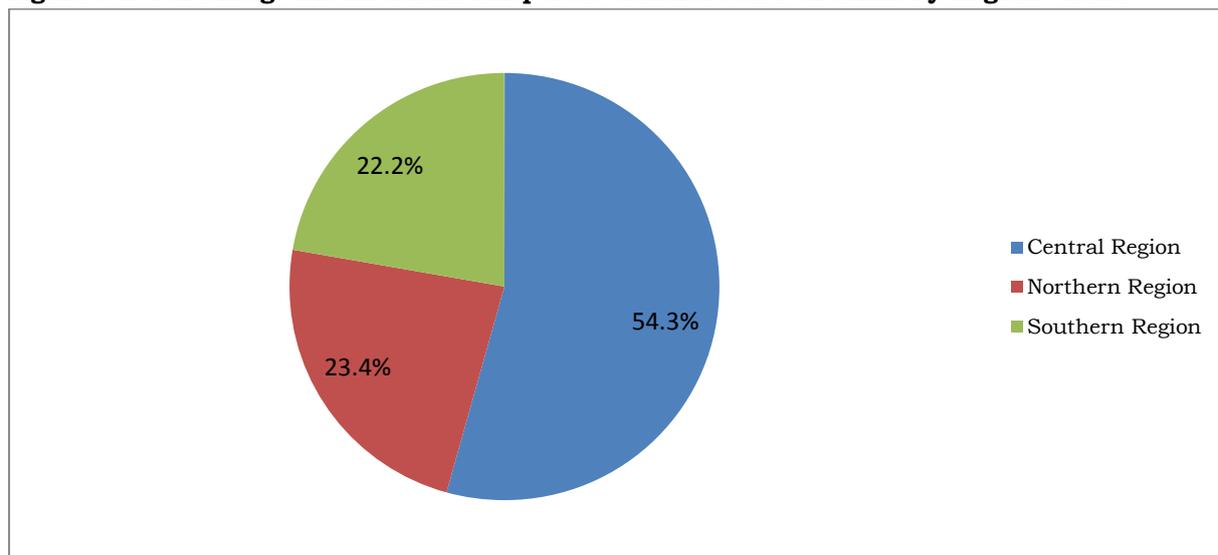
Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

5.2 General Cases of Crime in Regions

Police stations are categorised into three regions namely: Central Region which includes Maseru Urban, Maseru Rural and Thaba-Tseka; the Northern Region which comprises of Berea, Leribe, Botha-Bothe and Mokhotlong and the Southern Region which includes Mafeteng, Mohale's Hoek, Quthing and Qacha's Nek.

The percentage distribution of all reported General Cases of crime in these three regions are shown in Figure 5.1 below. According to the figure, more than half (54.3 percent) of the General Cases reported across the country were reported in Central region while the Northern and the Southern Regions reported 23.4 and 22.2 percent of General Cases respectively.

Figure 5.1: Percentage Distribution of Reported General Cases of Crime by Region - 2015



Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

Also, as highlighted by Table 5.2, the commonly reported General Cases were Assault Common, Theft Common and Traffic Offences. The Central Region was leading in Traffic Offences while Assault Common and Traffic Offences were reported high in Northern and Southern Regions respectively.

Table 5.2: Percentage Distribution of Types of Reported General Cases of Crime by Region - 2015

General Cases of Crime	Central Region	Northern Region	Southern Region
Abduction	0.2	0.6	0.6
Arms & Ammunition	1.4	1.8	2.1
Arson	0.9	1.8	1.0
Assault Common	19.1	36.7	19.3
Child Protection	0.3	0.7	0.6
Concealment of Childbirth	0.4	1.0	0.5
Habit Drugs	0.1	0.6	0.8
Internal Security	1.5	2.3	1.7
Malicious Damage	4.7	7.3	4.6
Road Traffic Accident	25.0	10.4	9.7
Theft by False Pretence	0.6	0.7	0.3
Theft Common	13.4	21.9	10.5
Theft From Car	0.9	1.0	1.0
Traffic Offences	29.2	6.9	44.2
Unlawful Poss. Of Stock	0.4	1.1	0.5
Other General Crimes	2.0	5.4	2.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

5.3 General Cases of Crime in Districts

Reported General Cases of Crime were further classified by districts. Table 5.3 presents number and percentage distribution of reported General Cases of crime in districts. Table 5.3 shows that almost half (50.7 percent) of the reported General Cases were observed to be highest in Maseru district. The second to Maseru was Leribe district with 9.6 percent while Mafeteng district reported General Cases of Crime of 7.1 percent. The remaining districts reported General Cases ranging from 2.0 to 6.2 percent.

Table 5.3: Number and Percentage Distribution of Reported General Cases of Crime by District - 2015

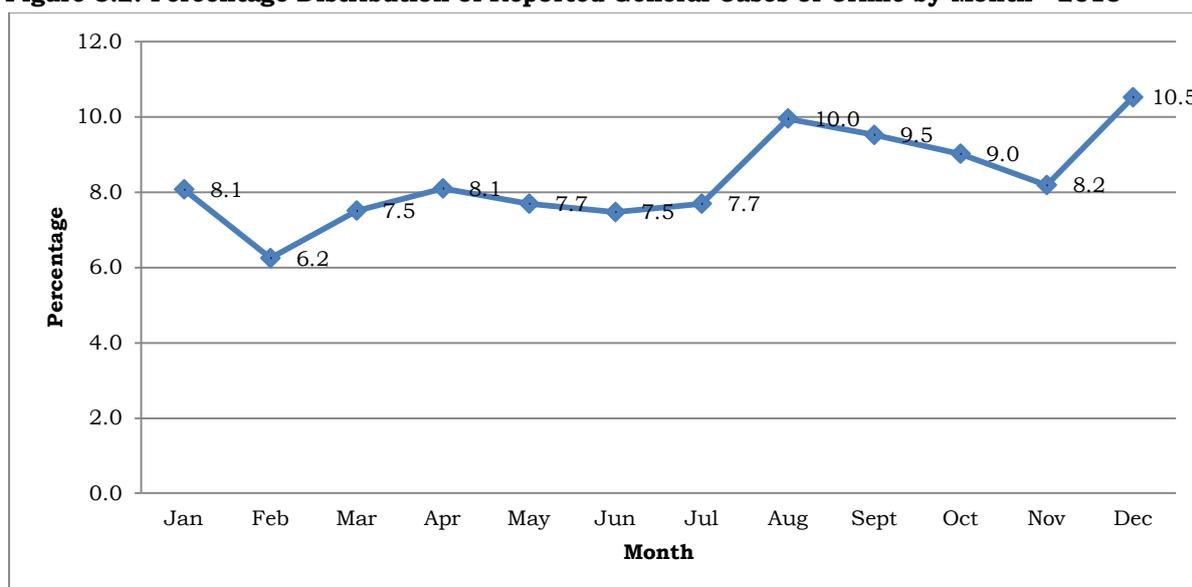
District	Number	Percentage
Botha-Bothe	1,025	3.7
Leribe	2,663	9.6
Berea	1,718	6.2
Maseru	14,132	50.7
Mafeteng	1,987	7.1
Mohale's Hoek	2,397	8.6
Quthing	549	2.0
Qacha's Nek	1,264	4.5
Mokhotlong	1,123	4.0
Thaba-Tseka	1,009	3.6
Total	27,867	100.0

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

5.4 General Cases of Crime by Month

Reported General Cases of Crime were classified by month. Figure 5.2 depicts the percentage distribution of General Cases reported by month. As illustrated by this figure, the General Cases of Crime was reported high in December (10.5 percent) while the second highest proportion was reported in August with 10.0 percent. The lowest proportion of General Cases of Crime was reported in February and was estimated at 6.2 percent.

Figure 5.2: Percentage Distribution of Reported General Cases of Crime by Month - 2015



Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

Furthermore, as indicated by table 5.4 below, Assault Common, Road Traffic Accident, Theft Common and Traffic Offences cases were the most reported type of crime throughout the year.

Table 5.4: Percentage Distribution of Types of Reported General Cases of Crime by Month - 2015

Type of Crime	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
Abduction	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.1	0.5
Arms & Ammunition	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.9	2.0	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.4	1.1	1.9
Arson	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.6	1.4	1.2
Assault Common	28.4	27.5	22.6	22.2	22.3	21.1	22.9	20.6	20.9	21.5	23.6	26.5
Child Protection	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.5
Concealment of Childbirth	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.1	0.7	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.3
Habit Drugs	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.2
Internal Security	2.8	1.1	1.7	1.5	2.3	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8
Malicious Damage	4.1	4.7	6.0	5.2	4.6	5.6	4.9	5.1	5.5	5.3	5.3	6.3
Road Traffic Accident	17.4	19.0	18.5	19.6	20.4	22.9	19.9	16.4	17.2	15.5	17.6	16.1
Theft by False Pretence	0.4	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.6	0.5	0.8
Theft Common	14.7	16.7	18.4	15.5	16.3	13.8	15.6	14.9	10.1	14.8	16.5	11.9
Theft From Car	1.2	0.9	0.0	1.0	0.9	1.2	0.9	0.6	0.9	1.4	1.0	0.9
Traffic Offences	22.9	22.3	25.0	26.9	24.3	26.2	25.0	31.0	36.3	30.4	25.4	27.4
Unlawful Poss. Of Stock	0.8	0.7	0.3	0.6	0.5	0.7	1.0	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.9	0.3
Other General Crimes	3.3	2.6	2.9	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.9	3.7	2.8	3.4	3.3	3.4
Total	100.0											

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

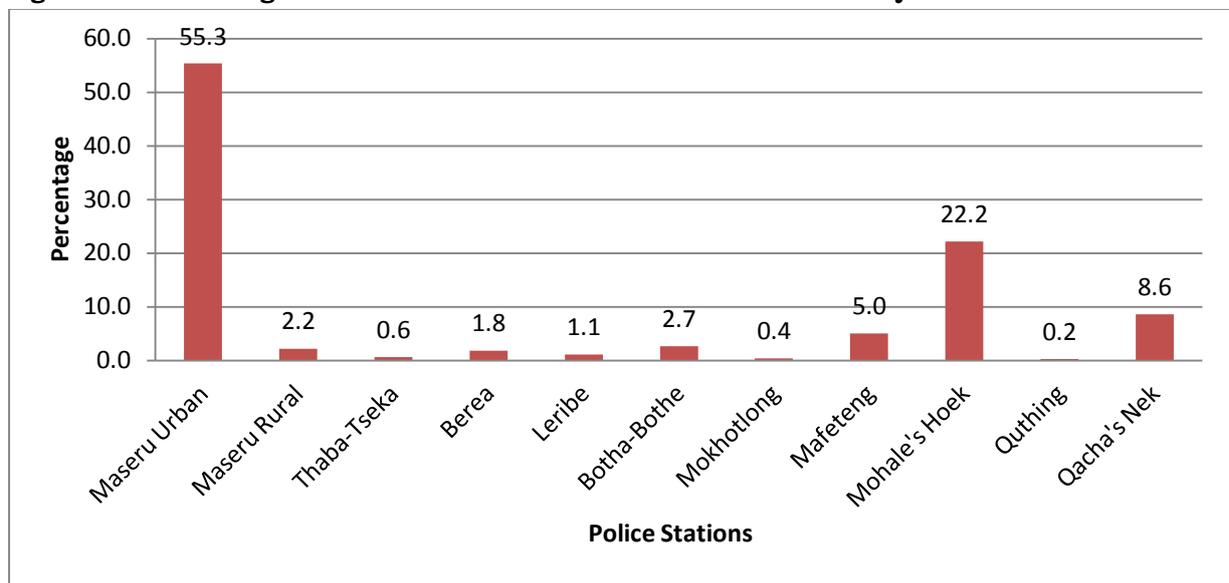
6.0 Behaviour of Each Type of General Cases of Crime

This section aims to find out the behaviour of each type of General Cases of Crime reported in different Police Stations located in each district across the country with an exception of Maseru which is divided into Urban and Rural.

6.1 Traffic Offence

Traffic Offence cases as depicted by Table 5.1 was amongst the reported General Cases of Crime during 2015. Figure 6.1 shows the percentage distribution of Traffic Offence cases in Police Stations in 2015. The figure depicts that more than half (55.3 percent) of the reported Traffic Offence cases were reported in Maseru Urban while 22.2 percent were reported in Mohale's Hoek. About 8.6 and 5.0 percent of cases were reported in Qacha's Nek and Mafeteng respectively while the rest of the Police Stations reported the Traffic Offence cases of less than 5.0 percent each.

Figure 6.1: Percentage Distribution of Traffic Offence Cases of Crime by Police Station – 2015

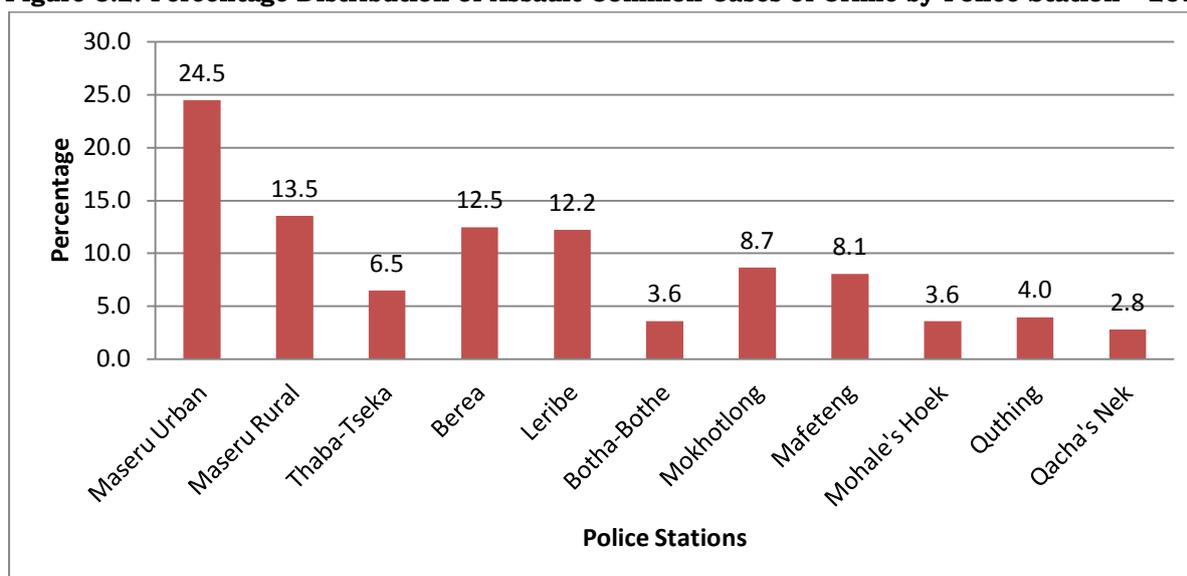


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

6.2 Assault Common

The second highest General Cases of Crime as depicted by Table 5.1 is Assault Common cases. Figure 6.2 illustrates the percentage distribution of Assault Common in Police Stations in 2015. As shown by the Figure, the highest proportions (24.5 percent) of Assault Common cases were reported in Maseru Urban followed by Maseru Rural with 13.5 percent. Berea reported the third highest with 12.5 percent while Qacha's Nek reported the lowest proportion of Assault Common with 2.8 percent.

Figure 6.2: Percentage Distribution of Assault Common Cases of Crime by Police Station – 2015

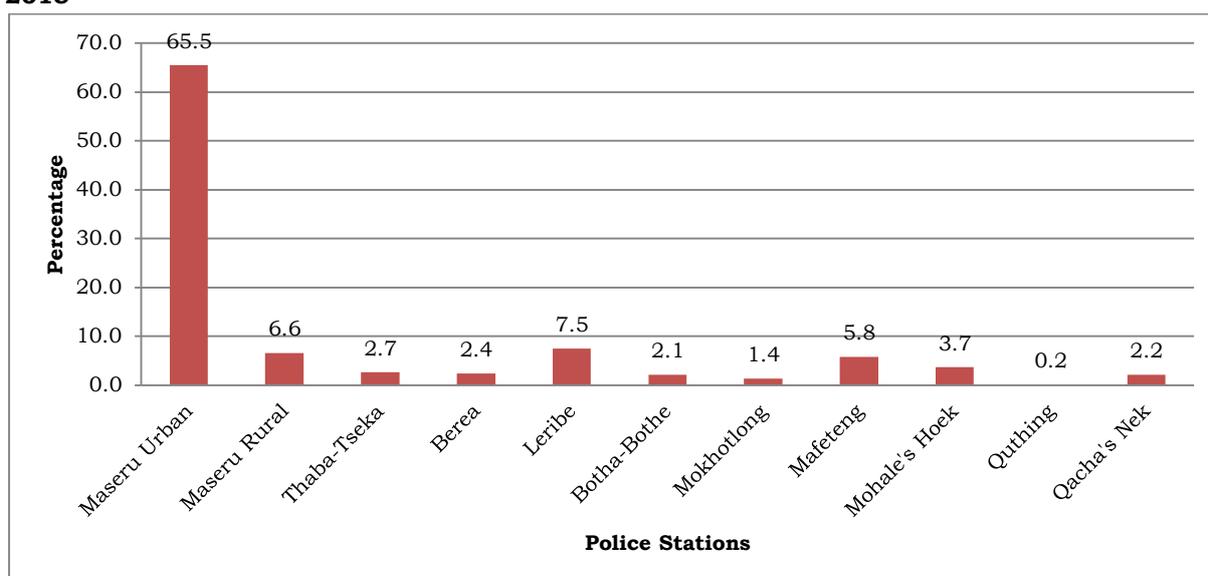


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

6.3 Road Traffic Accidents

Road Traffic Accidents as indicated by figure 6.3 is another type of General Cases of Crime reported frequently across the country. It is the third highest reported cases of General Crime across the country in 2015. Figure 6.3 highlights the percentage distribution of Road Traffic Accidents cases reported in Police Stations in 2015. As shown by the figure, the majority (65.5 percent) of the Road Traffic Accidents was reported in Maseru Urban while 7.5 percent was reported in Leribe. About 6.6 and 5.8 percent of cases occurred in Maseru Rural and Mafeteng respectively while Quthing reported the lowest proportion with 0.2 percent.

Figure 6.3: Percentage Distribution of Road Traffic Accident Cases of Crime by Police Station - 2015

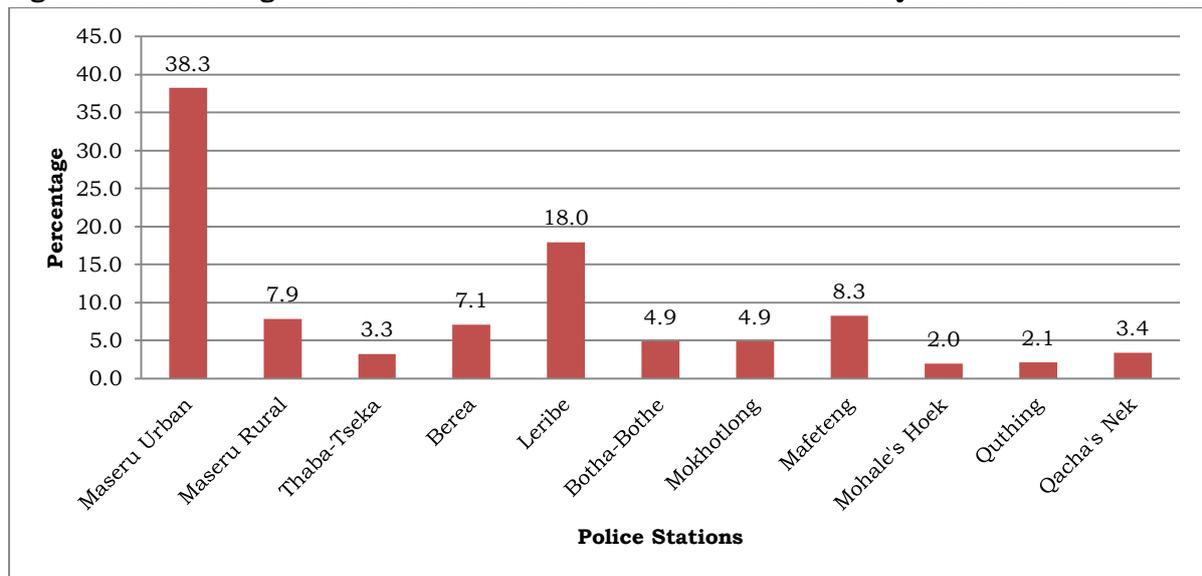


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

6.4 Theft Common

Theft Common is another reported type of General Cases of Crime in 2015. The percentage distribution of Theft Common cases reported in Police Stations is shown in Figure 6.4 below. According Figure 6.4 shows the percentage distribution of Theft Common cases in Police Stations in 2014. The figure depicts that 38.3 percent of Theft Common cases were reported in Maseru Urban followed by Leribe with 18.0 percent. Mafeteng and Maseru Rural reported Theft Common cases of 8.3 and 7.9 respectively, while Mohale's Hoek reported the lowest proportion (2.0 percent) of Theft Common cases in 2015.

Figure 6.4: Percentage Distribution of Theft Common Cases of Crime by Police Station - 2015

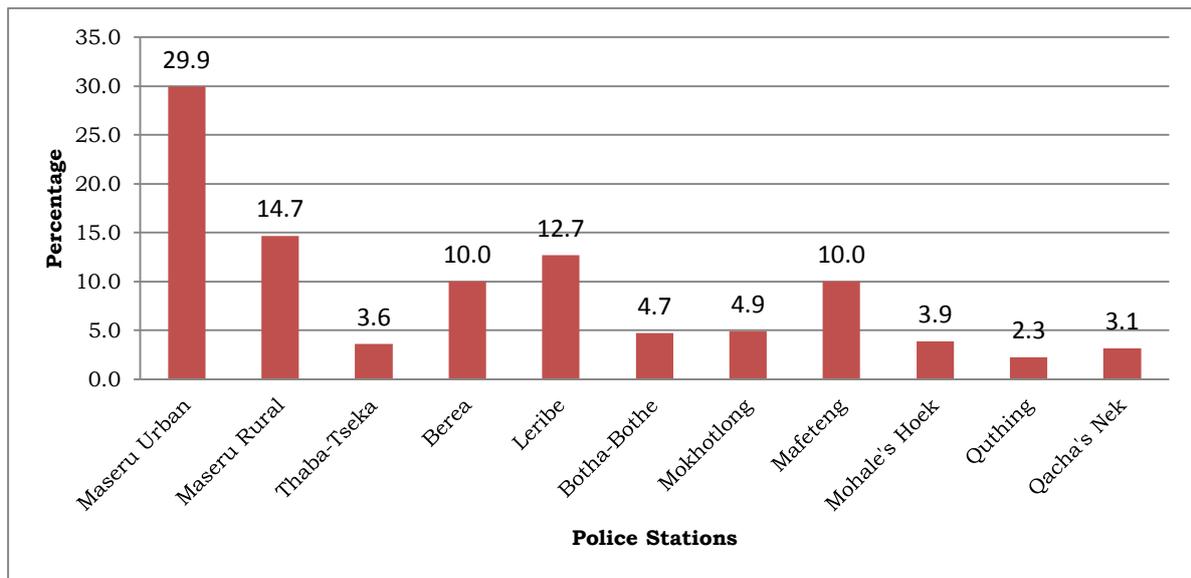


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

6.5 Malicious damage

Malicious damage as another reported type of General Case of Crime is analysed in this section. Figure 6.5 portrays the percentage distribution of Malicious Damage by Police Stations in 2015. According to this figure, Maseru Urban reported the largest proportion of Malicious Damage cases with 29.9 percent. Maseru Rural reported the second highest number (14.7 percent) of Malicious Damage cases. About 12.7 percent of cases were reported in Leribe while Quthing reported the lowest proportion (2.3 percent) of the Traffic Offence cases of crime.

Figure 6.5: Percentage Distribution of Malicious Damage Cases of Crime by Police Station - 2015

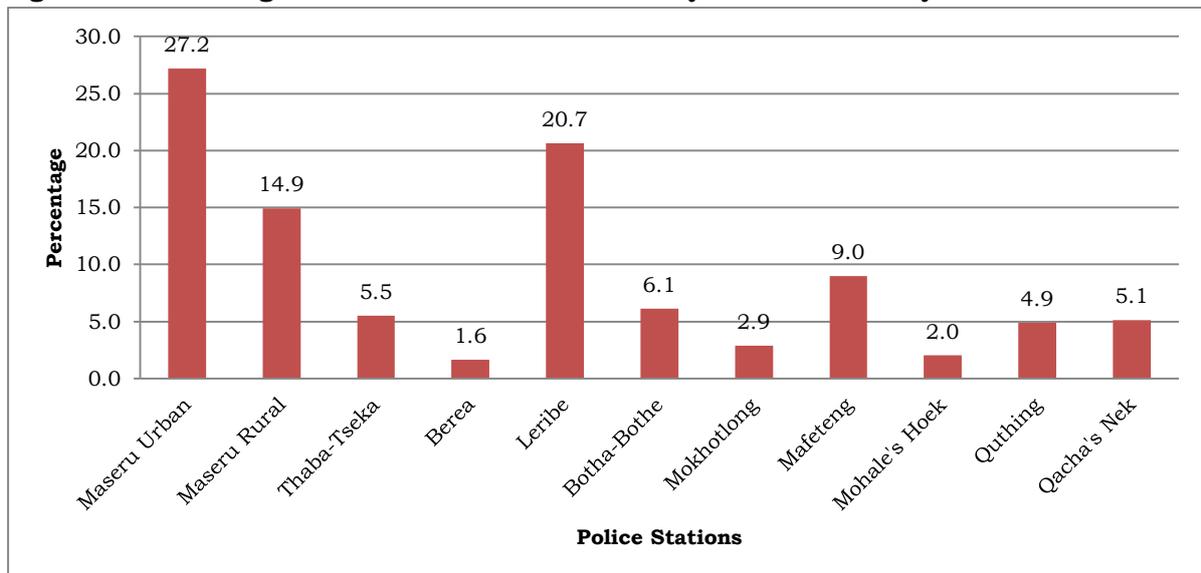


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

6.6 Internal Security

Internal Security also appears as reported General Case of Crime in the year 2015. Figure 6.6 illustrates the percentage distribution of Internal Security by Police Stations in 2015. According to this figure, Maseru Urban reported the largest proportion of Internal Security cases with 27.2 percent. Leribe reported the second highest number of cases (20.7 percent) of Internal Security while Berea reported the lowest proportion with 1.6 percent.

Figure 6.6: Percentage Distribution of Internal Security Cases of Crime by Police Station – 2014

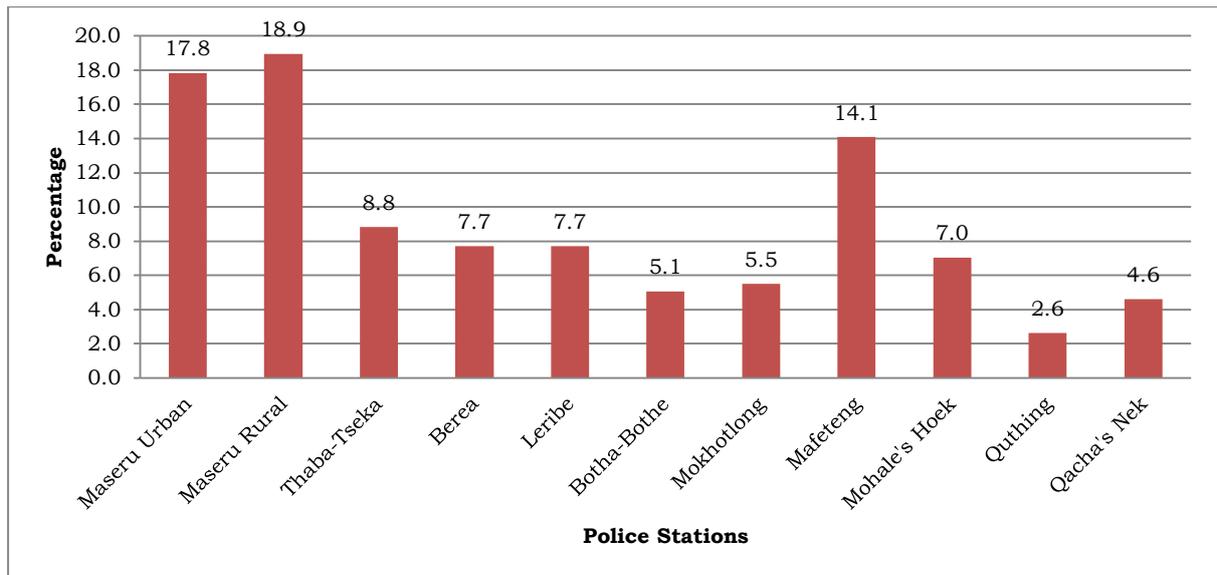


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

6.7 Arms and Ammunition

Arms & Ammunition Cases is another type of General Cases of Crime reported in 2015. The percentage distribution of Arms & Ammunition cases by Police Station is illustrated in Figure 6.7 below. As depicted by the figure, Maseru Rural and Maseru Urban Police Stations reported 18.9 and 17.8 percent of Arms & Ammunition cases respectively. Mafeteng Police Stations followed with 14.1 percent. The fewest (2.6 percent) proportion of Arms & Ammunition cases were reported in Quthing Police Stations.

Figure 6.7: Percentage Distribution of Arms and Ammunition Cases of Crime by Police Station – 2015

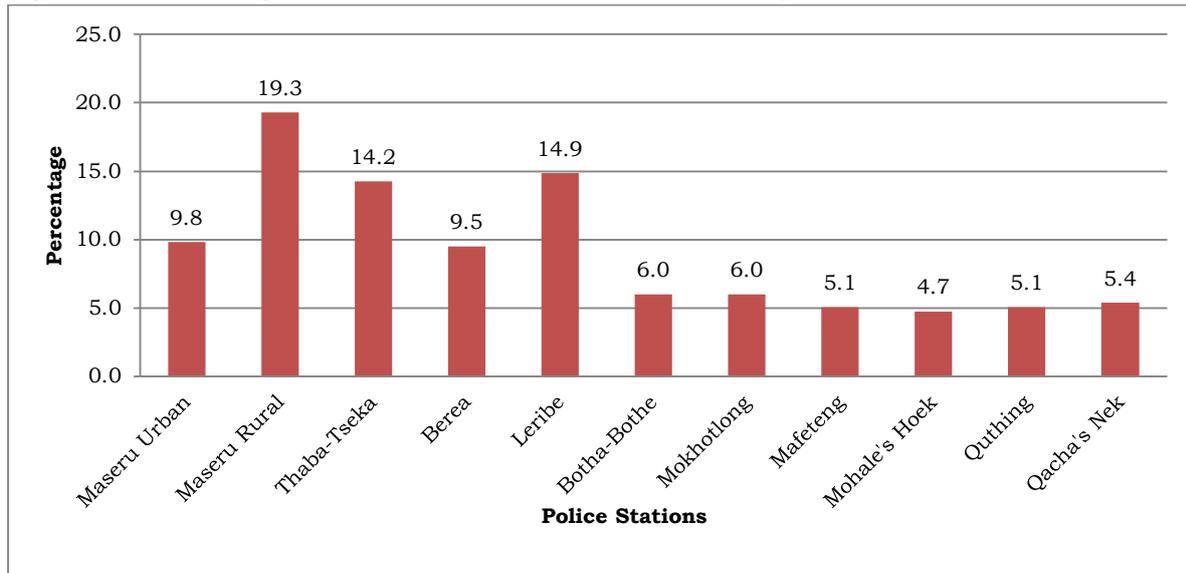


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

6.8 Arson

The category of Arson cases is considered as one of the General Cases of Crime in 2015. Figure 6.8 shows the percentage distribution of Arson cases in Police Stations in 2015. The figure depicts that the largest proportion (19.3 percent) of Arson cases were reported in Maseru Rural followed by Leribe with 14.9 percent. Mafeteng and Quthing Police Stations reported the lowest proportion with 5.1 each.

Figure 6.8: Percentage Distribution of Arson Cases of Crime by Police Station – 2015

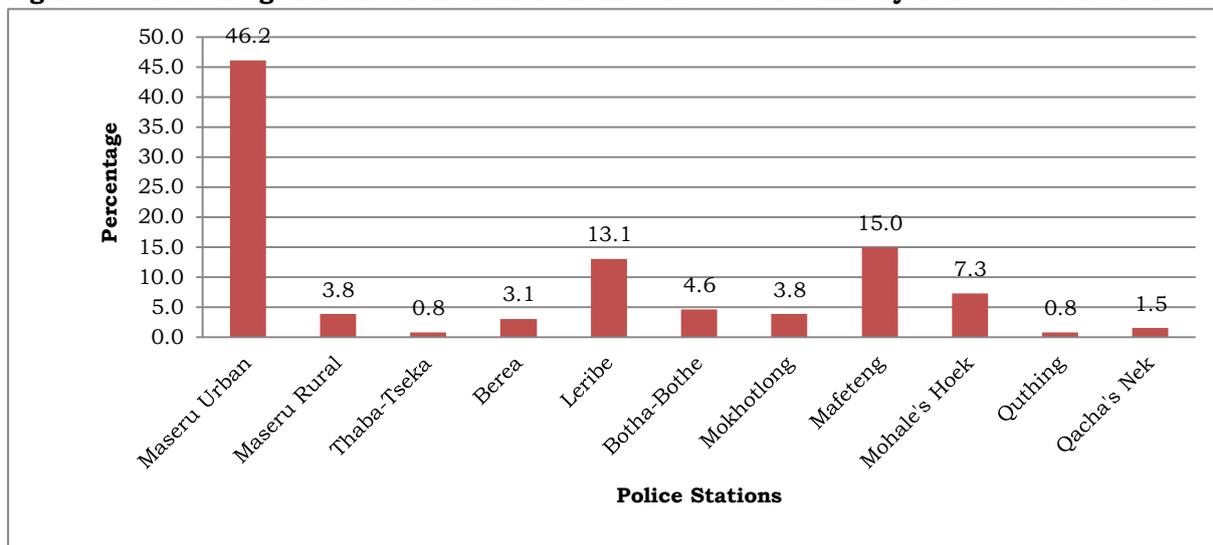


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

6.9 Theft from Car

Theft from Car is another type of General case of crime reported in 2015. Figure 6.9 illustrates the percentage distribution of Theft from Car by Police Station in 2015. It is observed from the figure that Maseru Urban recorded the highest proportion of Theft from Car cases with 46.2 percent. Mafeteng Police Stations followed with 15.0 percent while Thaba-Tseka and Quthing Police Station reported the fewest cases with 0.8 each.

Figure 6.9: Percentage Distribution of Theft from Car Cases of Crime by Police Station - 2015

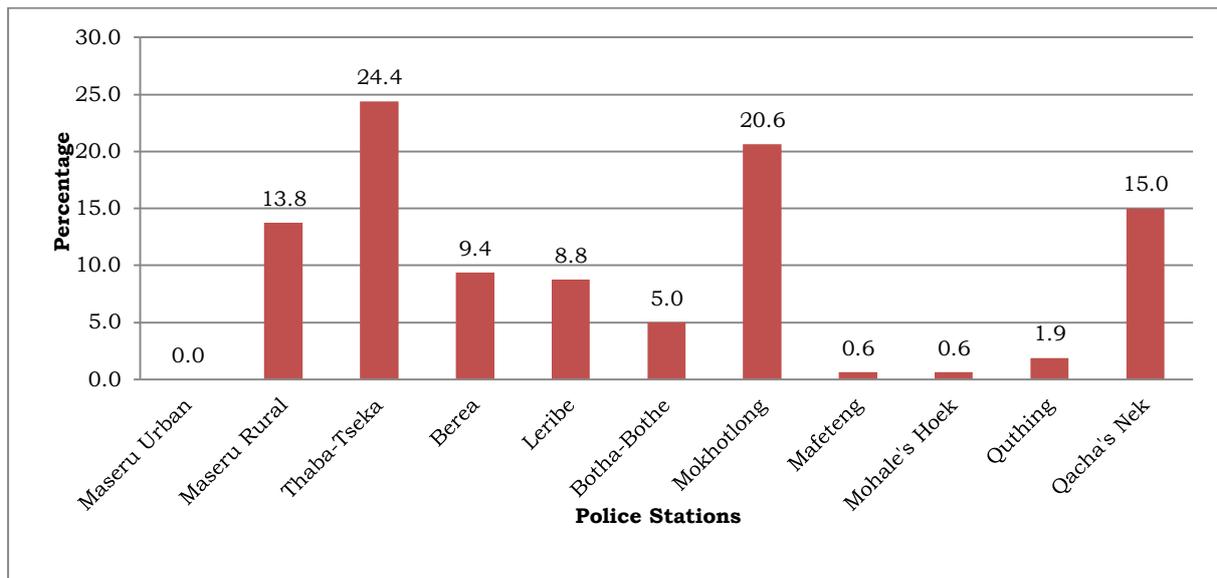


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

6.10 Unlawful Possession of Stock

In 2015, Unlawful Possession of Stock cases are also reported and categorised as General Case of Crime. Figure 6.10 below illustrates the percentage distribution of Unlawful Possession of Stock by Police Station. As depicted by the figure, the largest proportion of Unlawful Possession of Stock was reported at Thaba-Tseka Police Stations with 24.4 percent. Mokhotlong Police Stations followed with 20.6 percent. Mafeteng and Mohale's Hoek reported 0.6 percent of Unlawful Possession of Stock each. Maseru Urban Police Stations did not report any Unlawful Possession of Stock cases in 2015.

Figure 6.10: Percentage Distribution of Unlawful Possession of Stock Cases of Crime by Police Station - 2015

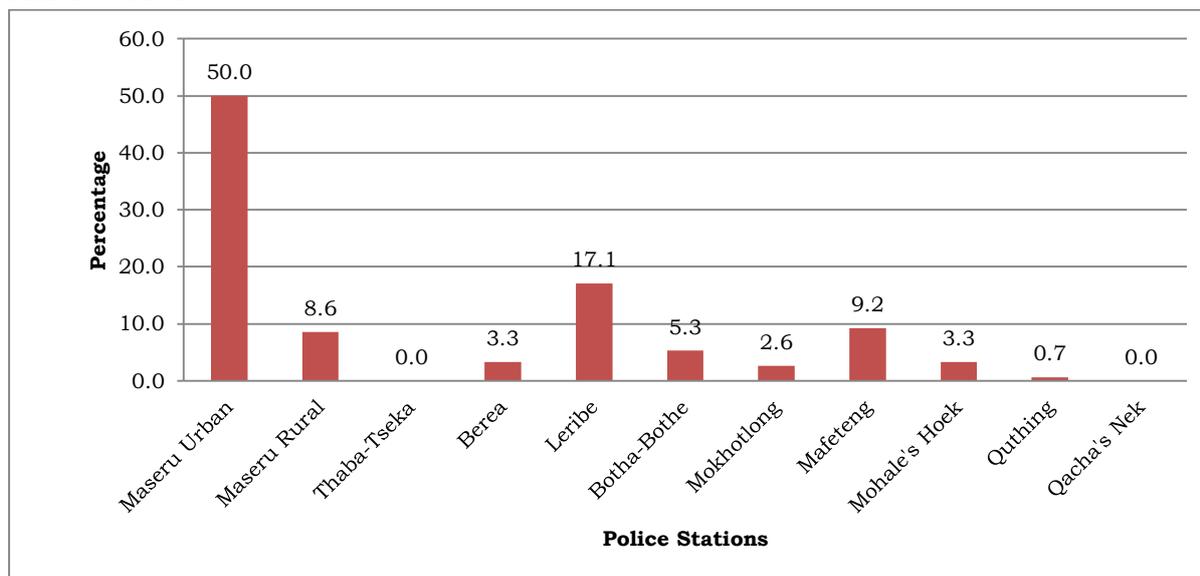


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

6.11 Theft by False Pretence

Theft by False Pretence is discussed in this section as one of the General case of crime reported in 2015. Figure 6.11 illustrates the percentage distribution of Theft by False Pretence by Police Station in 2015. It is observed from the figure that Maseru Urban recorded the highest proportion of Theft by False Pretence cases with 50.0 percent. Leribe Police Stations followed with 17.1 percent while Quthing Police Station reported Theft by False Pretence cases of 0.7. Thaba-Tseka and Qacha's Nek Police Station did not report any Theft by False Pretence cases at all in 2015.

Figure 6.11: Percentage Distribution of Theft by False Pretence Cases of Crime by Police Station - 2015

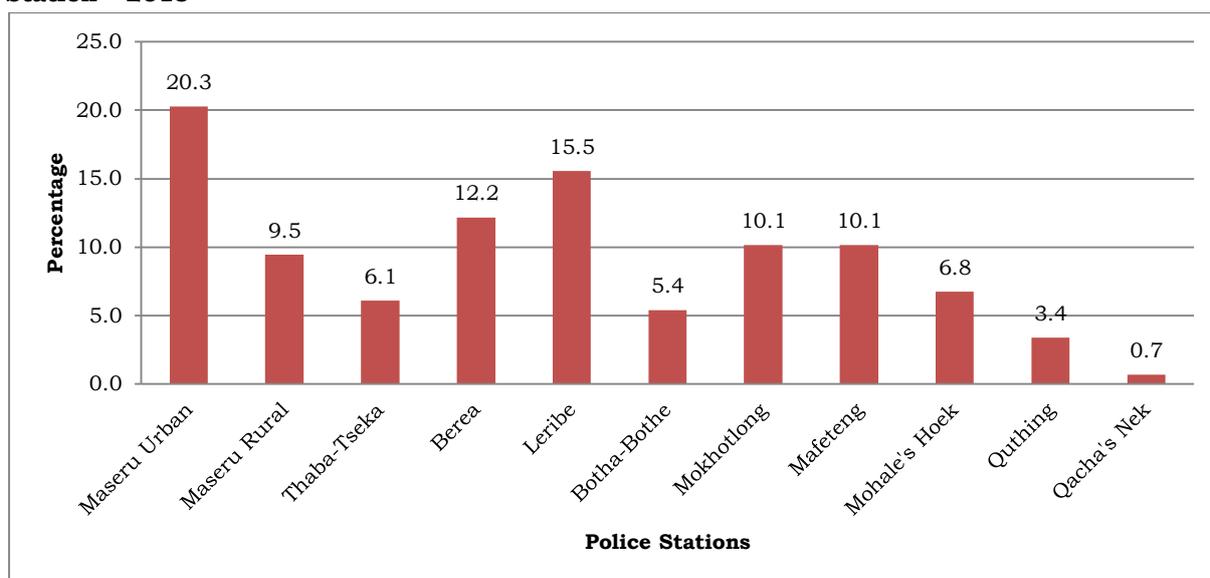


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

6.12 Concealment of Childbirth

Concealment of Childbirth also falls under General Cases of Crime reported in 2015. Figure 6.12 illustrates the percentage distribution of Concealment of Childbirth Cases reported in Police Stations in 2015. The Figure indicates that, the largest proportion (20.3 percent) of Concealment of Childbirth cases was reported mostly in Maseru Urban Police Stations while Leribe recorded the second highest with 15.5 percent. Qacha's Nek Police Stations recorded the lowest proportion (0.7 percent) of these cases.

Figure 6.12: Percentage distribution of Concealment of childbirth Cases of Crime by Police Station - 2015

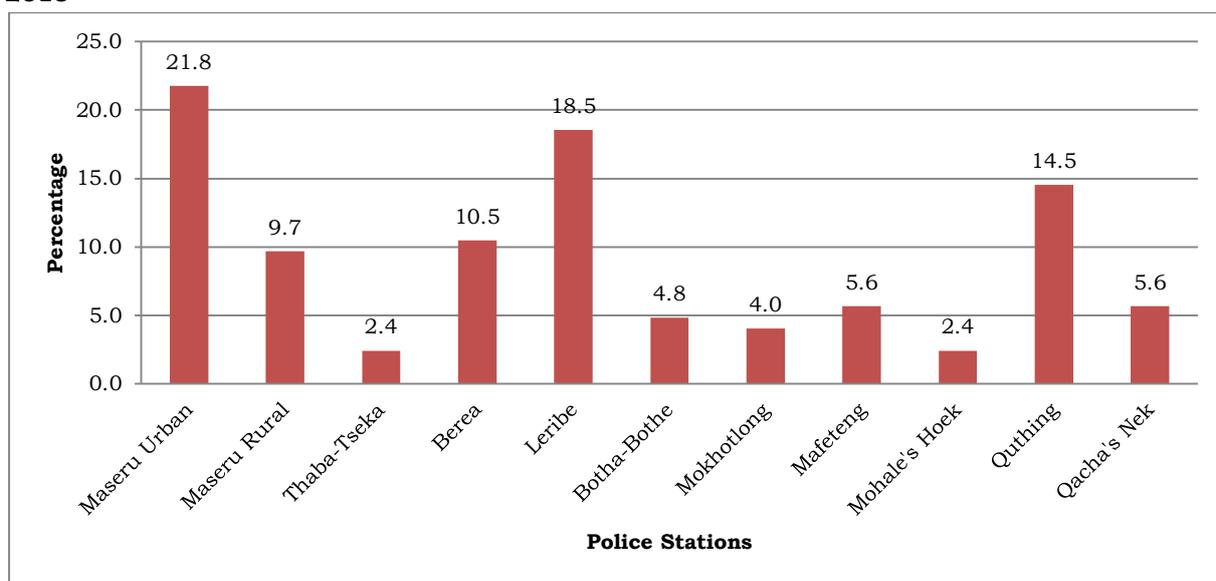


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

6.13 Child Protection Act

Child Protection Act as indicated by Table 5.1 is another type of General Cases of Crime reported across the country. Percentage distribution of Child Protection Act cases by Police Station, 2014 is shown in Figure 6.13. Of all the reported cases of Child Protection Act, the highest proportion of Child Protection Act was reported in Maseru Urban with 21.8 percent while Leribe reported the second highest with 18.5 percent. Thaba-Tseka and Mohale's Hoek reported the lowest proportion of Child Protection Act cases of 2.4 percent each.

Figure 6.13: Percentage Distribution of Child protection Act Cases of Crime by Police Station – 2015

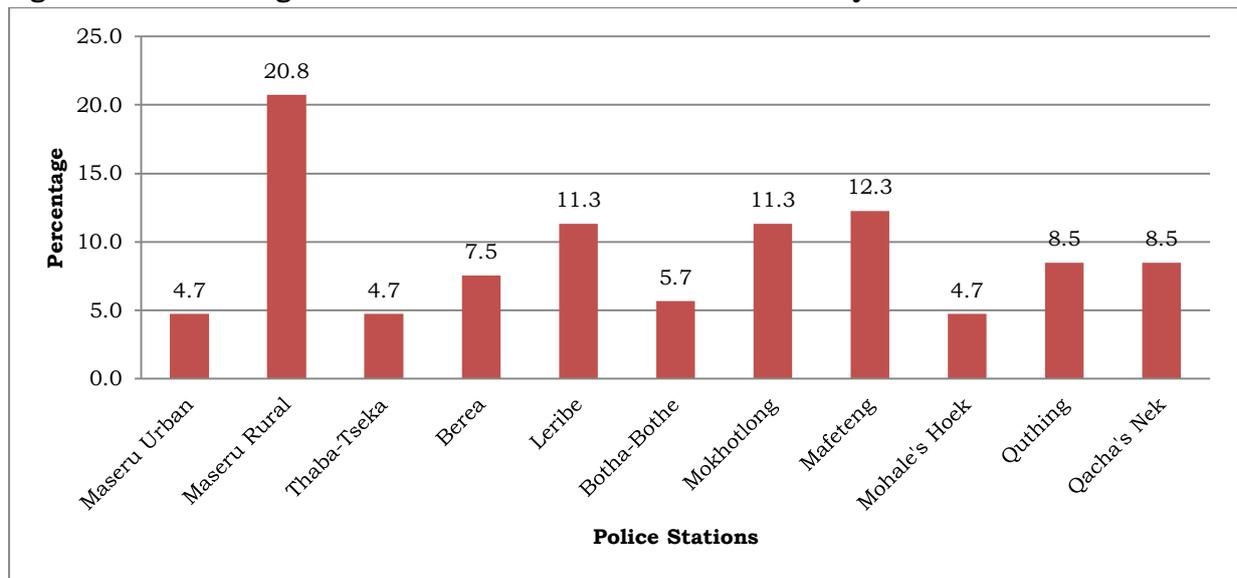


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

6.14 Abduction

Abduction is considered as another case of crime under the General case of crime. Figure 6.14 portrays the percentage distribution of Abduction cases reported in Police Stations in 2015. According to the Figure, the majority (20.8 percent) of the Abduction cases was reported in Maseru Rural while 12.3 percent was reported in Mafeteng. Maseru Urban, Thaba-Tseka and Mohale's Hoek reported Abduction cases of 4.7 percent each.

Figure 6.14: Percentage Distribution of Abduction Cases of Crime by Police Station - 2015

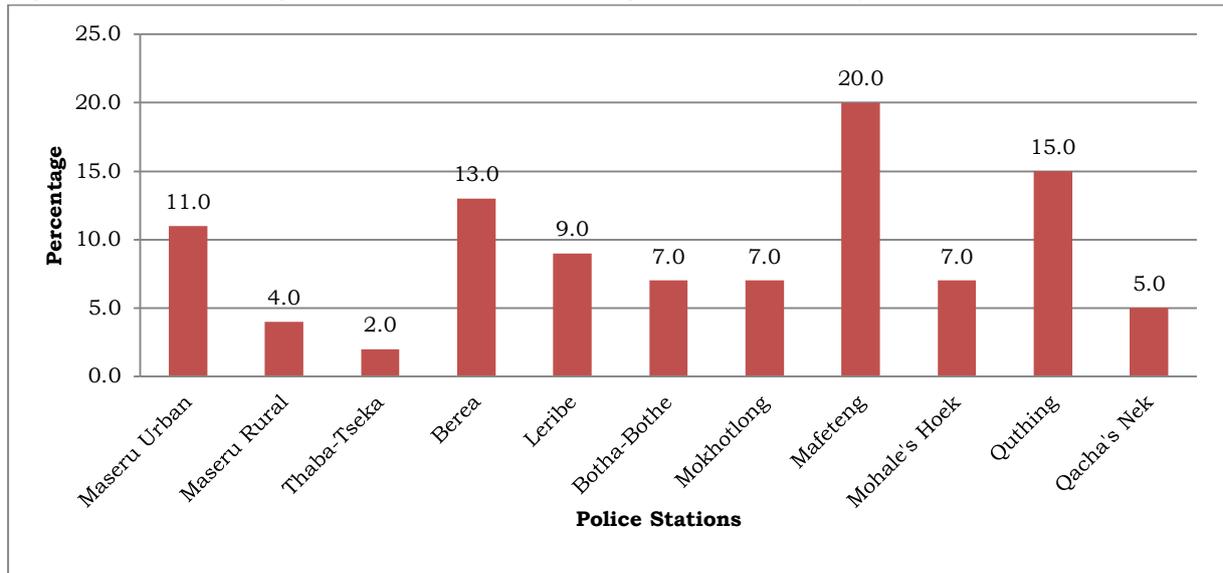


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

6.15 Habit Drug

Habit Drug also occurred and reported to Police in 2015. Percentage distribution of Habit Drug cases by Police Station, 2015 is shown in Figure 6.15. Of all the reported cases of Habit Drug, the highest proportion of Habit Drug cases was reported in Mafeteng with 20.0 percent while Quthing reported the second highest with 15.0 percent. Thaba-Tseka reported the lowest proportion of Habit Drug cases of 2.0 percent.

Figure 6.15: Percentage Distribution of Habit drug Cases of Crime by Police Station – 2015

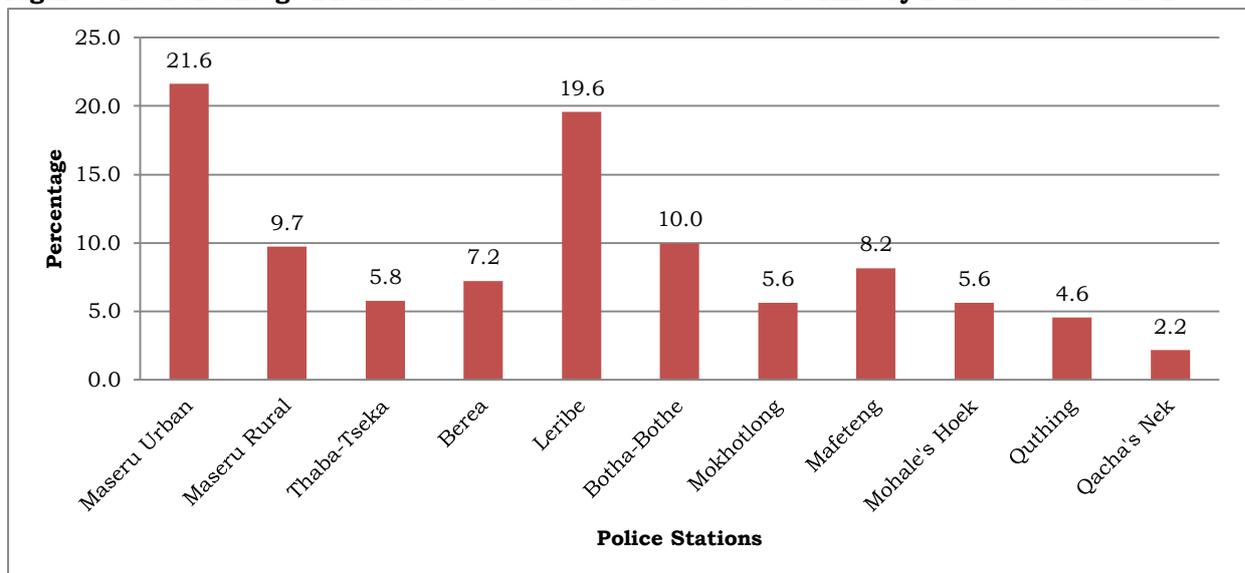


Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

6.16 Other General Cases of Crime

All types of cases that are not included in the previous category, (Refer to the annex) are in this report referred to as Other General Cases of Crime. Figure 6.16 illustrates the percentage distribution of Other General Cases of Crime reported in 2015 in various Police Stations in. Of all the reported cases, the largest proportion of Other General Cases of Crime was reported in Maseru Urban with 21.7 percent. Leribe Police Stations followed with 19.6 percent while Qacha's Nek reported the lowest proportion of 2.2 percent of Other General Cases of Crime.

Figure 6.16: Percentage Distribution of Other General Cases of Crime by Police Station – 2015



Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2015 – Police Head Quarters

7.0 Summary

This report entails 2015 crime cases reported throughout the country. The types of reported cases of crime are classified into Serious Cases and General Cases of Crime. A total of 41,877 cases were reported in 2015. Of all the reported cases, 14,010 were the Serious Cases of Crime while 27,867 were General Cases of Crime.

House Breaking, Stock Theft, Sexual Offence and Assault GBH were the most reported Serious Cases of Crime in 2015. The majority of these cases of Crime were reported in Central Region. There is a slight increase of reported Serious Cases of Crime by 2.5 percent from 2014 to 2015.

Assault Common, Theft Common, Traffic Offences, Road Traffic Accidents and Malicious Damage were the most reported General Cases of Crime in 2015. Comparable to the Serious Cases of Crime, the largest proportion of the General Cases of Crime was reported in Central Region.

Annex 1: Grouping of Cases of Crime

Group 1: Serious Cases of Crime

Armed Robbery, Assault GBH (Assault with intend to cause grievous bodily harm), Attempted Murder, Car Theft, Fraud, House Breaking, Human Trafficking, Murder, Robbery, Sexual Offence, Stock Theft and Stock Robbery.

Group 2: General Cases of Crime

Abduction, Abortion, Arms & Ammunition, Arson, Assault Common, Child Protection, Concealment of Childbirth, Habit Drugs, Internal Security, Malicious Damage, Road Traffic Accident (RTA), Theft By False Pretence, Theft Common, Theft From Car, Traffic Offences, Unlawful Possession of Stock, Administering Poison, Aliens Control, Bigamy, Bestiality, Bribery, Copy Right Order, Corruption, Contempt of Court, CP/E, Cruelty to Animals, Customs Excise, Dental and Medical Act, Defamation of Character, Defeating Justice, Deserting Wife & Children, Diamond Offences, Escaping Custody, Extortion, False Currency, Forgery & Uttering, Grave Yard, Health Order, Herbalist Act, Indent Assault, Illegal Importation Of Stock, Kidnapping, Labour Code, Lands, Manstealing, Market Regulations Police Act, Passport Services, Pick-Pocketing, Penal Code, Perjury, Public Indecency, Public Violence, Receiving stolen Property, Range Management Act, Resisting Arrest, Sabotage Sodomy, Tempering Engine, Theft by Embezzlement, Trading Enterprise Regulation, Threats of Violence, Trading without Licence, Unlawful Borrowing, Trespass, Unlawful possession of Car, Unlawful possession of Property, Violating Grave, Indecent Assault, Receiving Stolen Property, Education Act, Election Act, Threats of Violence, WASA Act.

Annex 2: Reported Serious Cases of Crime

Table 1: Number of Reported Serious Cases of Crime - 2015

Serious Cases of Crime	
Armed Robbery	584
Assault GBH	1,412
Attempted-Murder	360
Car Theft	168
Fraud	309
House Breaking	4,680
Murder	897
Robbery	1,197
Sexual Offence	1,646
Stock Theft	2,707
Stock Robbery	33
Human Trafficking	17
Total	14,010

Table 2: Number of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Region - 2015

Region	Number
Central Region	6,499
Northern Region	4,639
Southern Region	2,872
Total	14,010

Table 3: Number of Types of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Region - 2015

Serious Cases of Crime	Central Region	Northern Region	Southern Region
Armed Robbery	358	144	82
Assault GBH	462	481	469
Attempted-Murder	179	70	111
Car Theft	114	35	19
Fraud	214	60	35
House Breaking	2,270	1,461	949
Murder	375	259	263
Robbery	844	249	104
Sexual Offence	588	645	413
Stock Theft	1,076	1,210	421
Stock Robbery	10	20	3
Human Trafficking	9	5	3
Total	6,499	4,639	2,872

Table 4: Number of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by District - 2015

District	Number
Botha-Bothe	769
Leribe	2,000
Berea	1,106
Maseru	5,587
Mafeteng	1,154
Mohale's Hoek	628
Quthing	428
Qacha's Nek	662
Mokhotlong	764
Thaba-Tseka	912
Total	14,010

Table 5: Number of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Month - 2015

Month	Number
January	1,169
February	940
March	1,215
April	1,178
May	1,154
June	1,033
July	1,094
August	1,258
September	1,173
October	1,185
November	1,132
December	1,479
Total	14,010

Table 6: Percentage Distribution of Types of Serious Cases of Crime by Month – 2015

Type of Crime	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	total
Armed robbery	24	26	38	48	48	41	55	59	63	53	66	63	584
Assault GBH	163	101	98	92	88	96	107	116	138	104	107	202	1,412
Attempted-Murder	30	18	21	32	38	29	26	32	27	23	32	52	360
Car Theft	18	12	16	12	9	13	12	14	12	15	12	23	168
Fraud	30	19	38	27	19	22	17	27	15	30	31	34	309
House Breaking	352	316	412	405	409	339	400	429	405	400	379	434	4,680
Murder	72	46	70	72	63	60	52	88	83	88	72	131	897
Robbery	96	90	111	95	109	72	85	106	87	104	113	129	1,197
Sexual Offence	163	112	152	118	110	116	114	131	143	165	144	178	1,646
Stock Theft	217	199	255	272	253	243	224	255	191	200	170	228	2,707
Stock Robbery	1	0	4	4	6	0	1	1	9	3	1	3	33
Human Trafficking	3	1		1	2	2	1	0	0	0	5	2	17
Total	1,169	940	1,215	1,178	1,154	1,033	1,094	1,258	1,173	1,185	1,132	1,479	14,010

Table 7: Number of Reported House Breaking Cases by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	1,646
Maseru Rural	490
Thaba-Tseka	134
Berea	333
Leribe	837
Botha-Bothe	181
Mokhotlong	110
Mafeteng	462
Mohale's Hoek	214
Quthing	120
Qacha's Nek	153
Total	4,680

Table 8: Number of Reported Stock Theft Cases by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	51
Maseru Rural	505
Thaba-Tseka	520
Berea	313
Leribe	258
Botha-Bothe	226
Mokhotlong	413
Mafeteng	111
Mohale's Hoek	20
Quthing	52
Qacha's Nek	238
Total	2,707

Table 9: Number of Reported Sexual Offence Cases by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	277
Maseru Rural	222
Thaba-Tseka	89
Berea	174
Leribe	282
Botha-Bothe	112
Mokhotlong	77
Mafeteng	129
Mohale's Hoek	122
Quthing	94
Qacha's Nek	68
Total	1,646

Table 10: Number of Reported Assault GHB Cases by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	236
Maseru Rural	155
Thaba-Tseka	71
Berea	84
Leribe	205
Botha-Bothe	130
Mokhotlong	62
Mafeteng	146
Mohale's Hoek	130
Quthing	79
Qacha's Nek	114
Total	1,412

Table 11: Number of Reported Robbery Cases by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	717
Maseru Rural	115
Thaba-Tseka	12
Berea	50
Leribe	161
Botha-Bothe	25
Mokhotlong	13
Mafeteng	59
Mohale's Hoek	16
Quthing	19
Qacha's Nek	10
Total	1,197

Table 12: Number of Reported Murder Cases by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	177
Maseru Rural	142
Thaba-Tseka	56
Berea	67
Leribe	110
Botha-Bothe	36
Mokhotlong	46
Mafeteng	117
Mohale's Hoek	59
Quthing	40
Qacha's Nek	47
Total	897

Table 13: Number of Reported Armed Robbery Cases by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	307
Maseru Rural	42
Thaba-Tseka	9
Berea	36
Leribe	77
Botha-Bothe	19
Mokhotlong	12
Mafeteng	50
Mohale's Hoek	22
Quthing	3
Qacha's Nek	7
Total	584

Table 14: Number of Reported Attempted Murder Cases by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	120
Maseru Rural	48
Thaba-Tseka	11
Berea	26
Leribe	25
Botha-Bothe	14
Mokhotlong	5
Mafeteng	60
Mohale's Hoek	33
Quthing	6
Qacha's Nek	12
Total	360

Table 15: Number of Reported Fraud Cases by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	200
Maseru Rural	6
Thaba-Tseka	8
Berea	14
Leribe	20
Botha-Bothe	12
Mokhotlong	14
Mafeteng	11
Mohale's Hoek	7
Quthing	10
Qacha's Nek	7
Total	309

Table 16: Number of Reported Car Theft Cases by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	105
Maseru Rural	7
Thaba-Tseka	2
Berea	9
Leribe	20
Botha-Bothe	2
Mokhotlong	4
Mafeteng	7
Mohale's Hoek	5
Quthing	5
Qacha's Nek	2
Total	168

Table 17: Number of Reported Stock Robbery Cases by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	10
Maseru Rural	0
Thaba-Tseka	0
Berea	0
Leribe	0
Botha-Bothe	12
Mokhotlong	8
Mafeteng	0
Mohale's Hoek	0
Quthing	0
Qacha's Nek	3
Total	33

Table 18: Number of Reported Human Trafficking Cases by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	9
Maseru Rural	0
Thaba-Tseka	0
Berea	0
Leribe	5
Botha-Bothe	0
Mokhotlong	0
Mafeteng	2
Mohale's Hoek	0
Quthing	0
Qacha's Nek	1
Total	17

Table 19: Number of Reported Serious Case by Quarter - 2015

Quarter	Number
1st	3324
2nd	3365
3rd	3525
4th	3796
Total	14,010

Table 20: Number of Types of Reported General Cases of Crime by Region – 2015

Type of Crime	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
Armed Robbery	88	137	177	182
Assault GBH	362	276	361	413
Attempted Murder	69	99	85	107
Car Theft	46	34	38	50
Fraud	87	68	59	95
House Breaking	1,080	1,153	1,234	1213
Murder	188	195	223	291
Robbery	297	276	278	346
Sexual Offence	427	344	388	487
Stock Theft	671	768	670	598
Stock Robbery	5	10	11	7
Human Trafficking	4	5	1	7
Total	3,324	3,365	3,525	3796

Table 21: Number of Reported Serious Cases of Crime from 2011 to 2015

Year	Number
2011	14,112
2012	13,153
2013	13,052
2014	13,668
2015	14,010

Annex 3: Reported General Cases of Crime

Table 22: Number of Reported General Cases of Crime - 2015

Type of Crime	Number
Abduction	106
Arms & Ammunition	454
Arson	316
Assault Common	6,483
Child Protection	124
Concealment of Childbirth	148
Habit Drugs	100
Internal Security	489
Malicious Damage	1,463
Road Traffic Accident	5,063
Theft By False Pretence	152
Theft Common	4,107
Theft From Car	260
Traffic Offences	7,609
Unlawful Possession Of Stock	160
Other General Crimes	833
Total	27,867

Table 23: Number of Reported General Cases of Crime by Region - 2015

Region	Number
Central Region	15,141
Northern Region	6,529
Southern Region	6,197
Total	27,867

Table 24: Number of Types of Reported General Cases of Crime by Region - 2015

General Cases of Crime	Central Region	Northern Region	Southern Region
Abduction	32	38	36
Arms & Ammunition	207	118	129
Arson	137	115	64
Assault Common	2,887	2,397	1,199
Child Protection	42	47	35
Concealment of Childbirth	53	64	31
Habit Drugs	17	36	47
Internal Security	233	153	103
Malicious Damage	706	474	283
Road Traffic Accident	3,785	679	599
Theft by False Pretence	89	43	20
Theft Common	2,028	1,430	649
Theft From Car	132	64	64
Traffic Offences	4,423	448	2,738
Unlawful Poss. Of Stock	61	70	29
Other General Crimes	309	353	171
Total	15,141	6,529	6,197

Table 25: Number of Reported General Cases of Crime by District - 2015

District	Number
Botha-Bothe	1,025
Leribe	2,663
Berea	1,718
Maseru	14,132
Mafeteng	1,987
Mohale's Hoek	2,397
Quthing	549
Qacha's Nek	1,264
Mokhotlong	1,123
Thaba-Tseka	1,009
Total	27,867

Table 26: Number of Types of Reported General Cases of Crime by Month - 2015

Type of Crime	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Abduction	12	4	6	11	8	8	6	11	9	14	3	14	106
Arms & Ammunition	38	23	30	42	42	30	37	46	49	35	25	57	454
Arson	19	15	15	20	26	28	30	30	27	40	31	35	316
Assault Common	638	479	473	500	479	440	490	572	555	541	539	777	6,483
Child Protection	8	10	6	6	3	14	12	13	10	13	15	14	124
Concealment of Childbirth	12	9	16	3	15	7	13	18	15	15	17	8	148
Habit Drugs	5	3	12	16	11	11	8	11	3	8	6	6	100
Internal Security	62	20	35	34	50	27	35	51	40	41	40	54	489
Malicious Damage	92	82	125	117	98	116	106	142	146	134	120	185	1,463
Road Traffic Accident	391	330	388	442	437	476	426	454	457	390	401	471	5,063
Theft by False Pretence	8	14	12	14	18	4	8	18	5	15	12	24	152
Theft Common	331	291	385	350	349	288	335	414	267	371	376	350	4,107
Theft From Car	26	15		23	20	26	19	16	23	35	22	26	251
Traffic Offences	516	389	524	608	522	545	535	861	962	765	579	803	7,609
Unlawful Poss. Of Stock	17	12	6	13	11	14	21	15	11	11	21	8	160
Other General Crimes	75	45	60	58	55	48	63	103	74	86	75	100	842
Total	2,250	1,741	2,093	2,257	2,144	2,082	2,144	2,775	2,653	2,514	2,282	2,932	27,867

Table 27: Number of Reported Traffic Offence by Police Station Site - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	4,211
Maseru Rural	166
Thaba-Tseka	46
Berea	137
Leribe	81
Botha-Bothe	203
Mokhotlong	27
Mafeteng	384
Mohale's Hoek	1687
Quthing	15
Qacha's Nek	652
Total	7,609

Table 28: Number of Reported Assault Common by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	1,588
Maseru Rural	878
Thaba-Tseka	421
Berea	808
Leribe	793
Botha-Bothe	234
Mokhotlong	562
Mafeteng	523
Mohale's Hoek	233
Quthing	259
Qacha's Nek	184
Total	6,843

Table 29: Number of Reported Road Traffic Accident by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	3,317
Maseru Rural	333
Thaba-Tseka	135
Berea	122
Leribe	378
Botha-Bothe	108
Mokhotlong	71
Mafeteng	293
Mohale's Hoek	185
Quthing	11
Qacha's Nek	110
Total	5,063

Table 30: Number of Reported Theft Common by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	1,571
Maseru Rural	323
Thaba-Tseka	134
Berea	291
Leribe	738
Botha-Bothe	201
Mokhotlong	200
Mafeteng	339
Mohale's Hoek	81
Quthing	88
Qacha's Nek	141
Total	4,107

Table 31: Number of Reported Malicious Damage by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	438
Maseru Rural	215
Thaba-Tseka	53
Berea	147
Leribe	186
Botha-Bothe	69
Mokhotlong	72
Mafeteng	147
Mohale's Hoek	57
Quthing	33
Qacha's Nek	46
Total	1,463

Table 32: Number of Reported Internal Security by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	133
Maseru Rural	73
Thaba-Tseka	27
Berea	8
Leribe	101
Botha-Bothe	30
Mokhotlong	14
Mafeteng	44
Mohale's Hoek	10
Quthing	24
Qacha's Nek	25
Total	489

Table 33: Number of Reported Arms & Ammunition by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	81
Maseru Rural	86
Thaba-Tseka	40
Berea	35
Leribe	35
Botha-Bothe	23
Mokhotlong	25
Mafeteng	64
Mohale's Hoek	32
Quthing	12
Qacha's Nek	21
Total	454

Table 34: Number of Reported Arson by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	31
Maseru Rural	61
Thaba-Tseka	45
Berea	30
Leribe	47
Botha-Bothe	19
Mokhotlong	19
Mafeteng	16
Mohale's Hoek	15
Quthing	16
Qacha's Nek	17
Total	316

Table 35: Number of Reported Theft from Car by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	120
Maseru Rural	10
Thaba-Tseka	2
Berea	8
Leribe	34
Botha-Bothe	12
Mokhotlong	10
Mafeteng	39
Mohale's Hoek	19
Quthing	2
Qacha's Nek	4
Total	260

Table 36: Number of Reported Unlawful Possession of Stock by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	0
Maseru Rural	22
Thaba-Tseka	39
Berea	15
Leribe	14
Botha-Bothe	8
Mokhotlong	33
Mafeteng	1
Mohale's Hoek	1
Quthing	3
Qacha's Nek	24
Total	160

Table 37: Number of Reported Theft by False Pretence by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	76
Maseru Rural	13
Thaba-Tseka	0
Berea	5
Leribe	26
Botha-Bothe	8
Mokhotlong	4
Mafeteng	14
Mohale's Hoek	5
Quthing	1
Qacha's Nek	0
Total	152

Table 38: Number of Reported Concealment of Childbirth by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	30
Maseru Rural	14
Thaba-Tseka	9
Berea	18
Leribe	23
Botha-Bothe	8
Mokhotlong	15
Mafeteng	15
Mohale's Hoek	10
Quthing	5
Qacha's Nek	1
Total	148

Table 39: Number of Reported Child Protection by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	27
Maseru Rural	12
Thaba-Tseka	3
Berea	13
Leribe	23
Botha-Bothe	6
Mokhotlong	5
Mafeteng	7
Mohale's Hoek	3
Quthing	18
Qacha's Nek	7
Total	124

Table 40: Number of Abduction by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	5
Maseru Rural	22
Thaba-Tseka	5
Berea	8
Leribe	12
Botha-Bothe	6
Mokhotlong	12
Mafeteng	13
Mohale's Hoek	5
Quthing	9
Qacha's Nek	9
Total	106

Table 41: Number of Reported Habit Drug by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	11
Maseru Rural	4
Thaba-Tseka	2
Berea	13
Leribe	9
Botha-Bothe	7
Mokhotlong	7
Mafeteng	20
Mohale's Hoek	7
Quthing	15
Qacha's Nek	5
Total	100

Table 42: Number of Other Reported General Cases by Police Station - 2015

Police Station	Number
Maseru Urban	180
Maseru Rural	81
Thaba-Tseka	48
Berea	60
Leribe	163
Botha-Bothe	83
Mokhotlong	47
Mafeteng	68
Mohale's Hoek	47
Quthing	38
Qacha's Nek	18
Total	833