



Kingdom of Lesotho



Statistical Report

NO 18: 2020

2019 CRIME STATISTICS REPORT



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Mission: To Coordinate the National Statistical System (NSS) and produce accurate, timely, reliable, culturally relevant and internationally comparable statistical data for evidence-based planning, decision making, research, policy, program formulation and monitoring and evaluation to satisfy the needs of users and producers.

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1.0 Background

The Bureau of Statistics (BOS) through Socio-economic Division is mandated to report on Crime Statistics in Lesotho. Hence, the Lesotho Mounted Police Services (LMPS) collects and compile the reported cases of crime across the country. The raw data is then forwarded to BOS to be compiled, tabulates and analysed and a yearly crime statistics report is published. The main focus of this report is on crime cases reported across the country from the 1st January to 31st December 2019 and not consider any actions taken thereafter.

The LMPS classified all the reported cases into two main groups, namely, serious and general cases. In 2019, the reported Serious Cases of Crime comprises of Armed Robbery, Assault GBH (Assault with intend to cause grievous bodily harm), Attempted Murder, Car Theft, Fraud, House Breaking, Murder, Robbery, Sexual Offence and, Stocktheft. For 2019, cases of Human trafficking are not categorized under Serious case. The cases reported and categorized under General Cases of Crime comprises of Abduction, Arms & ammunition, Arson, Assault Common, Child protection, Concealment of childbirth, Culpable homicide, Defeating justice, Habit drug, Internal security, Liquor offence, Malicious damage, Road Traffic Accident, Theft by false presence, Theft common, Theft from car, Threats of violence, Traffic offence, Unlawful possession of stock, and Others.

It is of paramount importance to note that the crime statistics report unlike other statistical reports entails in particular the reported crimes and not persons directly involved in those crimes.

2.0 Reported Serious Cases of Crime

The Serious cases reported in 2019 comprises of Armed Robbery, Assault GBH (Assault with intend to cause grievous bodily harm), Attempted Murder, Car Theft, Fraud, House breaking, Murder, Robbery, Sexual offence and, Stocktheft. Unlike in the past years, cases of Human trafficking are not categorized under Serious crimes in 2019.

2.1 Types of Serious Cases of Crime

The section discusses the type and number of Serious cases of crime reported in 2019. Hence table 2.1 below displayed the number and percentage distribution of Serious cases reported in 2019. As shown by the table, a total of 13,263 Serious cases were reported in 2019. Of all the 13,263 Serious cases reported, Housebreaking constituted the largest (34.7 percent) proportion followed by cases of Stocktheft and Sexual offences with the proportion of 19.0 and 10.9 percent respectively. The remaining Serious cases reported in 2019 ranged from 2.4 to 9.2 percent. The least (1.5 percent) proportion of Serious cases reported in 2019 comprised of cases of Car theft.

Table 2.1: Number and Percentage Distribution of Reported Serious Cases of Crime – 2019

Serious Cases of Crime	Number	Percentage
Armed robbery	558	4.2
Assault GBH	1,226	9.2
Attempted murder	320	2.4
Car theft	203	1.5
Fraud	470	3.5
House breaking	4,604	34.7
Murder	1,015	7.7
Robbery	895	6.7
Sexual offence	1,449	10.9
Stocktheft	2,523	19.0
Total	13,263	100.0

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

2.2 Serious Cases of Crime in Policing Districts

The LMPS classified their operational area into 11 Policing districts, namely, Maseru Urban, Maseru Rural, Thaba-Tseka, Berea, Leribe, Botha-Bothe, Mokhotlong, Mafeteng, Mohale's Hoek, Quthing and Qacha's Nek.

This section gives an overview on how Serious cases were reported in various Policing districts across the country. Hence, the percentage distribution of Serious cases reported in Policing districts is shown in table 2.2. As indicated by the table, Maseru Urban reported the largest (31.7 percent) proportion of Serious cases in 2019. Maseru Rural and Leribe followed with the proportion of 12.4 percent of reported Serious cases each. Serious cases reported in Berea and Mafeteng constituted the proportion of 7.6 and 7.3 percent respectively. The remaining Policing districts reported Serious cases ranging from 4.2 to 6.6 percent with Quthing reporting the least (2.2 percent) proportion of Serious cases in 2019.

Furthermore, Maseru Urban reported the largest (60.0 percent) proportion of Armed robbery cases followed by Maseru Rural and Mafeteng with the proportion of 10.8 and 10.4 percent of reported Serious cases each. The remaining Policing districts reported Armed robbery cases ranging from 1.1 to 7.5 percent with Thaba-Tseka and Quthing reporting the least (0.4 percent) of Armed robbery cases each.

Additionally, it is observed that Maseru Urban reported the proportion of 15.8 percent of cases of Assault GBH followed by Leribe and Mohale's Hoek with 13.9 and 10.3 percent of Assault GBH cases respectively. The remaining Policing districts reported Assault GBH cases ranging from 5.5 to 9.5 percent with Quthing reporting the least proportion of 5.4 percent of Assault GBH cases across the country.

Table 2.2 continues to state that Maseru Urban reported the bigger (35.6 percent) proportion of Attempted murder cases. Maseru Rural and Mafeteng followed with the proportion of 18.4 and 11.6 percent of Assault GBH cases respectively while Berea reported Assault GBH cases of 9.1 percent. The remaining Policing districts reported Assault GBH cases ranging from 1.6 to 6.3 percent. The Policing district reporting the least proportion of Assault GBH cases was Mokhotlong with 1.3 percent.

Regarding the reported Car theft cases, Maseru Urban reported more than half (57.6 percent) of all the reported Car theft cases across the country followed by Leribe and Mafeteng with the proportion of 15.3 and 6.9 percent of Car theft cases respectively. Maseru Rural and Thaba-Tseka reported the proportion of 3.9 percent of Car theft cases each. The remaining Policing districts reported Car theft cases ranging from 1.5 to 2.5 percent with Qacha's Nek reporting the least (1.0 percent) of Car theft cases.

For reported Fraud cases, Maseru is still observed to have reported the majority (58.3 percent) of Fraud cases across the country followed by Leribe with the proportion of 10.0 percent of reported Fraud cases. Mokhotlong and Maseru Rural reported the proportion of 5.3 and 4.9 percent of Fraud cases respectively. The remaining Policing districts reported Fraud cases ranging from 2.6 to 4.3 percent with Qacha's Nek reporting the least proportion of 2.3 percent.

On the other hand, Stocktheft cases reported across the country were observed to be higher in Mokhotlong with the proportion of 18.2 percent. Maseru Urban and Thaba-Tseka followed with the proportion of 15.9 and 15.8 percent of Stocktheft cases respectively. Leribe reported the proportion of 14.8 percent of Stocktheft whilst Berea reported the proportion of 10.9 percent of Stocktheft cases. The remaining Policing districts reported Stocktheft cases ranging from 1.2 to 8.5 percent with Mohale's Hoek reporting the least proportion of 0.9 percent.

Table 2.2: Percentage Distribution of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Policing Districts – 2019

Policing Districts	Armed robbery	Assault GBH	Attempted murder	Car theft	Fraud	House breaking	Murder	Robbery	Sexual offence	Stocktheft	Total
Maseru Urban	60.0	15.8	35.6	57.6	58.3	43.3	25.0	53.1	17.5	4.6	31.7
Maseru Rural	10.8	5.5	18.4	3.9	4.9	13.1	14.8	8.0	15.0	15.9	12.4
Thaba-Tseka	0.4	9.5	6.3	3.9	3.2	3.1	5.6	1.3	8.6	15.8	6.6
Berea	4.1	9.0	9.1	3.0	4.3	5.8	9.5	5.8	9.7	10.9	7.6
Leribe	7.5	13.9	5.3	15.3	10.0	10.6	13.6	17.1	13.1	14.8	12.4
Botha-Bothe	1.8	7.8	3.1	2.5	3.8	3.5	4.9	2.3	4.2	8.5	4.8
Mokhotlong	1.1	5.5	1.3	2.0	5.3	3.3	4.2	1.8	5.5	18.2	6.2
Mafeteng	10.4	8.8	11.6	6.9	2.8	8.7	9.5	5.9	7.3	3.3	7.3
Mohale's Hoek	2.5	10.3	3.8	2.5	2.6	3.7	6.0	3.8	8.8	0.9	4.5
Quthing	0.4	5.4	1.6	1.5	2.6	1.8	2.4	0.6	3.9	1.2	2.2
Qacha's Nek	1.1	8.5	4.1	1.0	2.3	3.2	4.5	0.2	6.2	5.9	4.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

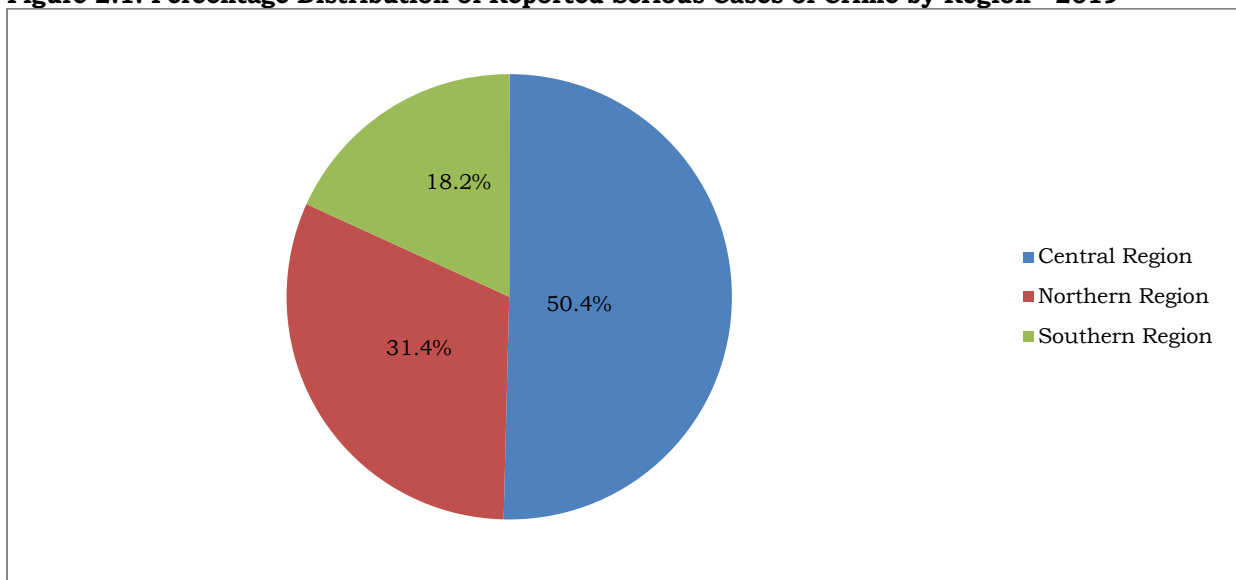
Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

2.3 Serious Cases of Crime in Regions

The LPMS categorised the Police Stations into three regions, namely; Central Region, Northern Region and Southern Region. Central Region comprises of Maseru Urban, Maseru Rural and Thaba-Tseka; the Northern Region comprises of Berea, Leribe, Botha-Bothe and Mokhotlong and the Southern Region comprises of Mafeteng, Mohale's Hoek, Quthing and Qacha's Nek.

This section addresses the reported Serious cases based on Regions they were reported in. Hence, the percentage distribution of reported Serious cases in these three regions is displayed in Figure 2.1. As depicted by the figure, almost half (50.4 percent) of the Serious cases were reported in Central Region whilst the proportion of 31.4 and 18.2 percent of Serious cases were reported in Northern and Southern Regions respectively.

Figure 2.1: Percentage Distribution of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Region - 2019



Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

Additionally, the section continues to elucidate on the types of Serious cases reported in Regions. Hence, Table 2.3 presents the percentage distribution of types of Serious cases by Region. As indicated by the table, cases of Housebreaking were the most (41.0 percent) reported Serious crime in Central Region followed by cases of Stocktheft with the proportion of 13.7 percent. The proportion of 8.9 and 8.4 percent of Sexual offence and Robbery were reported in Central Region respectively. The remaining reported Serious cases in Central Region ranged from 2.9 to 6.9 percent with cases of Car theft reporting the least (2.0 percent) proportion of Serious crimes in Central Region.

Moreover, cases of Housebreaking still constituted the largest (33.2 percent) proportion of Serious crimes reported in Southern Region. Cases of Assault GBH and Sexual offence followed with the proportion of 16.8 and 15.8 percent of reported Serious crimes respectively. The remaining reported Serious cases in Southern Region ranged from 2.0 to 11.9 percent of Serious crimes while the least reported Serious crime was Car theft with the proportion of 1.0 percent.

In Northern Region, the largest (31.7percent) proportion of reported Serious crimes constituted of Stocktheft followed by the proportion of 25.6 and 11.3 percent of Housebreaking and Sexual offence cases respectively. Reported Assault GBH cases constituted the proportion of 10.7 percent. The remaining reported Serious cases in Northern Region ranged from 1.9 to 7.8 percent while the least reported Serious crime was Car theft cases with the proportion of 1.1 percent.

Table 2.3: Percentage Distribution of Types of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Region - 2019

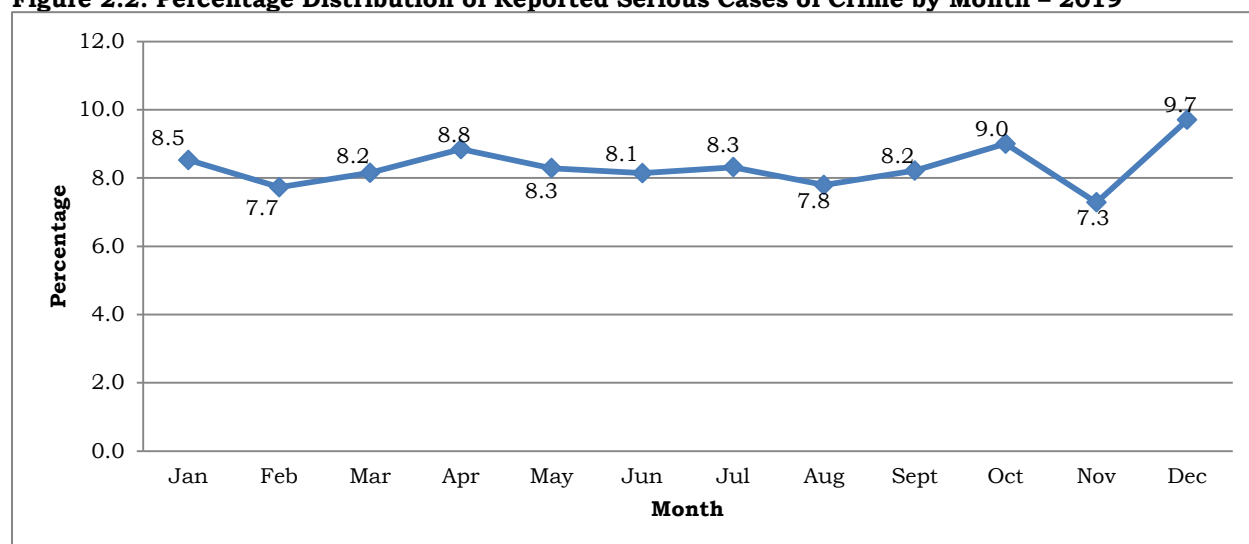
Serious Cases of Crime	Central	Northern	Southern
Armed robbery	5.9	1.9	3.3
Assault GBH	5.7	10.7	16.8
Attempted murder	2.9	1.4	2.8
Car theft	2.0	1.1	1.0
Fraud	4.7	2.6	2.0
House breaking	41.0	25.6	33.2
Murder	6.9	7.8	9.4
Robbery	8.4	5.8	3.9
Sexual offence	8.9	11.3	15.8
Stocktheft	13.7	31.7	11.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

2.4 Serious Cases of Crime by Month

The Serious cases were further analysed by month in which they were reported. Thus, Figure 2.2 below displays the percentage distribution of the reported Serious cases by Month. As illustrated by this figure, the largest (9.7 percent) proportion of Serious cases was reported in December followed by the proportion of 9.0 and 8.8 percent of Serious cases reported in the months of October and April respectively. The months of January reported the proportion of 8.5 percent of Serious cases while May and July reported the proportion Serious cases of 8.3 percent each. The lowest proportion of Serious Cases of Crime was reported during the month of November with 7.3 percent.

Figure 2.2: Percentage Distribution of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Month – 2019



Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

The section further gives clarity on the types of Serious cases by month in which they were reported. Hence, table 2.4 displays the percentage distribution of the types of reported Serious cases by Month. As revealed by the table, the types of Serious cases reported mostly in all the months of the year constituted cases of Housebreaking, Stocktheft, Sexual offence and Assault GBH.

In regard to cases reported Stocktheft cases, March reported the largest (24.2 percent) proportion of Stocktheft cases followed by months of June and February with the proportion of 23.1 and 22.0 percent of Stocktheft cases respectively. The months of May and April reported the proportion of 20.7 and 20.6 percent of Stocktheft cases respectively while August reported the proportion of 20.1 percent of Stocktheft. The remaining months reported Stocktheft cases ranging from 14.3 to 19.4 percent with December reporting the least (13.0 percent) of Stocktheft cases.

For reported Sexual offence cases, September is observed to have reported the largest (13.2 percent) proportion of Sexual offence cases followed by 12.6 and 12.4 percent reported of cases of Sexual offence reported in the months of January and March respectively. The remaining months reported Sexual offence cases ranging from 10.3 to 11.7 percent with the least proportion of Sexual offence reported in May with 8.8 percent.

Table 2.4: Percentage Distribution of Types of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Month - 2019

Serious Cases of Crime	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
Armed robbery	3.2	3.6	3.2	3.7	3.6	4.5	5.0	6.3	3.0	4.3	5.2	5.0
Assault GBH	15.8	10.0	8.9	6.7	9.5	7.6	8.6	6.9	9.4	8.5	7.9	10.7
Attempted murder	2.9	2.7	1.9	1.5	2.9	1.5	1.8	2.7	2.0	2.3	3.5	3.2
Car theft	1.4	1.8	1.1	1.9	1.9	2.4	0.5	2.7	1.6	1.0	1.4	0.9
Fraud	4.5	3.9	3.7	3.8	3.3	3.5	3.3	3.8	2.3	4.4	3.1	3.0
House breaking	30.0	35.3	32.7	38.3	33.7	33.6	36.6	33.3	35.3	35.0	39.0	34.2
Murder	7.2	5.8	7.2	5.1	7.9	8.1	8.1	7.2	7.9	8.8	6.3	11.5
Robbery	5.3	4.3	4.6	7.1	7.7	7.9	6.1	6.2	7.6	7.0	8.6	8.4
Sexual offence	12.6	10.7	12.4	11.3	8.8	7.8	10.6	10.9	13.2	11.8	10.7	10.3
Stocktheft	17.2	22.0	24.2	20.6	20.7	23.1	19.4	20.1	17.6	17.1	14.3	13.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

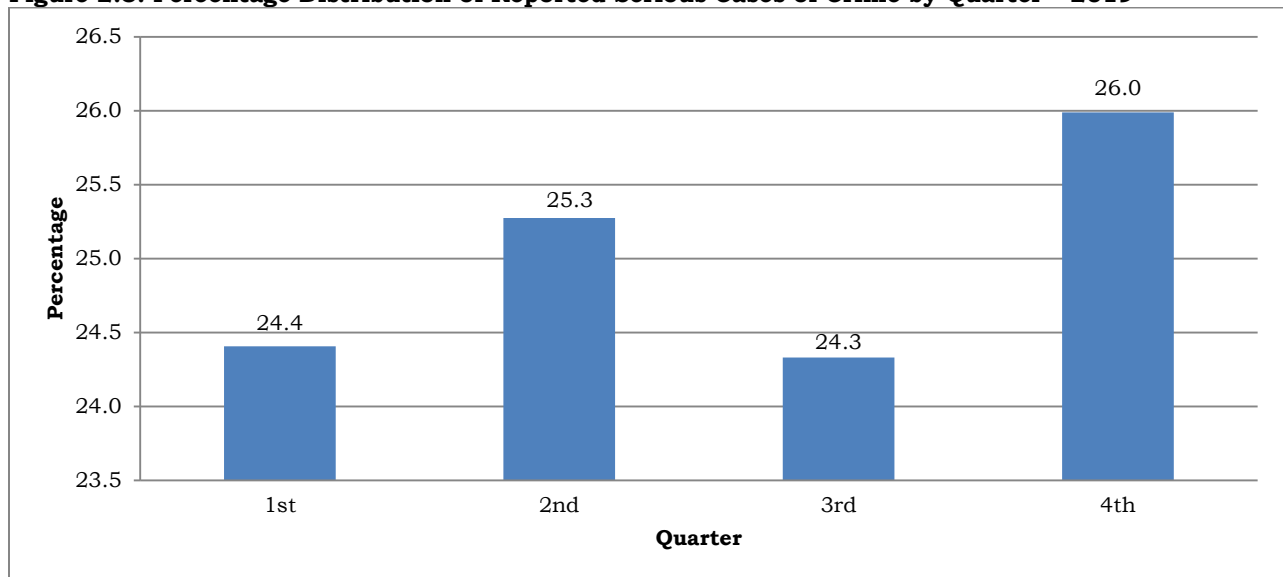
Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

2.5 Serious Cases of Crime by Quarter

This section presents the quarterly statistics on Serious Cases of Crime reported in 2019. One-year period that begins on the 1st of January and ends on the 31st December is used in determining quarters.

Hence percentage distribution of reported Serious cases by quarter is portrayed in Figure 2.3. According to the figure, there is a slight difference across four quarters of 2019. The fourth quarter reported the highest (26.0 percent) proportion of Serious cases followed by Second quarter with the proportion of 25.3 percent of Serious cases. The first and second quarters reported the proportion of 24.3 and 24.3 percent of the Serious cases respectively.

Figure 2.3: Percentage Distribution of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Quarter – 2019



Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

2.6 Types of Serious Cases of Crime by Quarter

The focus of this section is to analyse the types of reported Serious cases by quarter. Hence, the percentage distribution of Serious cases reported by quarter is presented in table 2.5 below. According to the table, the top two leading Serious cases reported throughout all quarters of 2019 were Housebreaking and Stock theft. On the other hand, the Serious cases reported slightly throughout all the quarters of 2019 were cases of Car theft, attempted murder and Armed robbery.

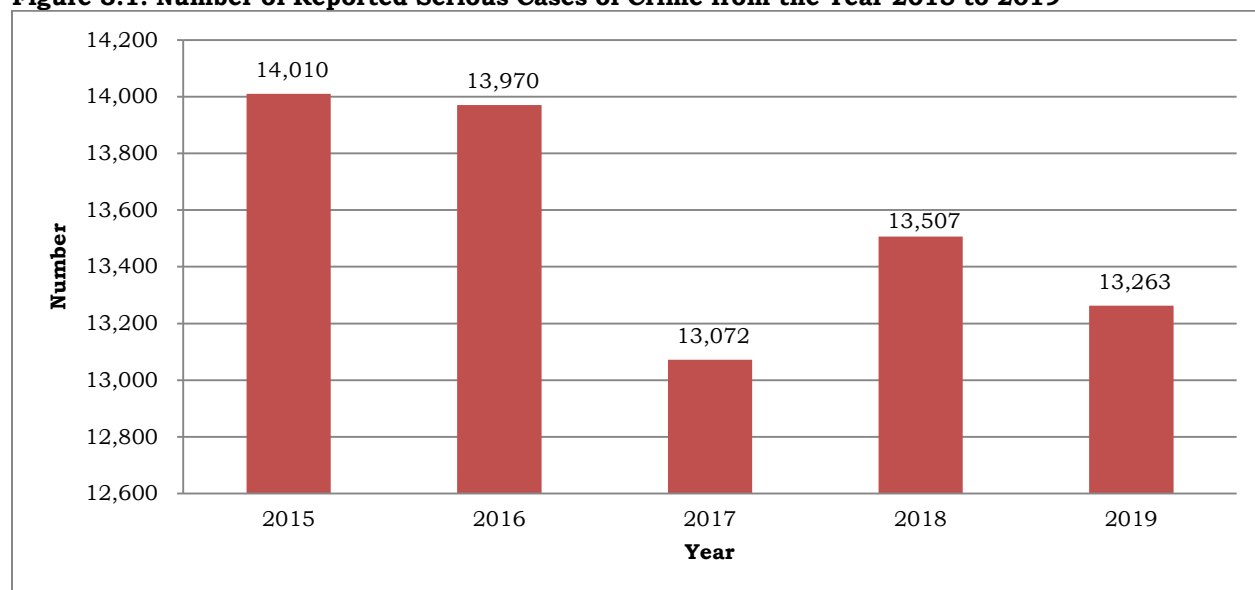
Table 2.5: Percentage Distribution of Reported Serious Cases by Quarter – 2019

Serious Cases of Crime	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
Armed robbery	3.3	3.9	4.7	4.8
Assault GBH	11.6	7.9	8.3	9.1
Attempted murder	2.5	2.0	2.2	3.0
Car theft	1.4	2.1	1.6	1.1
Fraud	4.0	3.6	3.1	3.5
House breaking	32.6	35.3	35.1	35.8
Murder	6.7	7.0	7.7	9.1
Robbery	4.8	7.5	6.6	7.9
Sexual offence	11.9	9.3	11.6	10.9
Stocktheft	21.0	21.4	19.0	14.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

3.0 Trend in Reported Serious Cases of Crime, 2015 - 2019

This section examines the level and trend in reported Serious Cases of Crime across the country from 2015 to 2019. Thus, Figure 3.1 depicts the number of reported Serious cases from the year 2015 to 2019. According to the figure, the proportion of reported Serious cases decreased by 0.3 percent from 2015 to 2016. The rate of reported Serious crimes further decreased by 6.9 percent from 2016 to 2017. However, the proportion of reported Serious crimes slightly increased by 3.2 percent from 2017 to 2018. Nevertheless, from 2018 to 2019, the proportion of reported Serious cases declined by 1.8 percent.

Figure 3.1: Number of Reported Serious Cases of Crime from the Year 2015 to 2019

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

4.0 Summary

There were 13,263 Serious cases reported from the 1st January to 31st December, 2019. These serious cases comprised of Armed Robbery, Assault GBH (Assault with intend to cause grievous bodily harm), Attempted Murder, Car Theft, Fraud, House breaking, Murder, Robbery, Sexual offence and, Stocktheft. Cases of Human trafficking are not categorized under Serious crimes in 2019.

Of all the 13,263 reported Serious crime, cases of Housebreaking, Stocktheft and Sexual offence were the mostly reported crimes across the country. The Serious cases of crime were reported mostly in Maseru Urban, Maseru Rural and Leribe. As a result, Central Region reported the majority of Serious crime. Furthermore, majority of Serious cases of crime were reported during the month of December, resulting in Fourth Quarter of the year reporting majority of Serious crime. There was a decrease in number of reported Serious crime from 2018 to 2019.

5.0 Reported General Cases of Crime

General Cases of Crime reported in 2019 comprises of Abduction, Arms & ammunition, Arson, Assault Common, Child protection, Concealment of childbirth, Culpable homicide, Defeating justice, Habit drug, Internal security, Liquor offence, Malicious damage, Road Traffic Accident, Theft by false presence, Theft common, Theft from car, Threats of violence, Traffic offence, Unlawful possession of stock, and Others.

5.1 Types of General Cases of Crime

The section discusses the type and number of General cases of crime reported in 2019. Hence table 5.1 below displayed the number and percentage distribution of General cases reported in 2019. As shown by the table, a total of 27,233 General cases were reported in 2019. Of all the 27,233 General cases reported, cases of Traffic offence constituted the largest (28.2 percent) proportion followed by cases of assault common. Cases of Road Traffic Accident and Theft common constituted the proportion of 17.8 and 15.3 percent of General crimes reported in 2019 respectively. The remaining General cases reported in 2019 ranged from 0.4 to 5.8 percent. The least (0.2 percent) proportion of General cases reported in 2019 comprised of cases of Abduction.

Table 5.1: Number and Percentage Distribution of Reported General Cases of Crime – 2019

General Cases of Crime	Number	Percentage
Abduction	62	0.2
Arms & ammunition	339	1.2
Arson	305	1.1
Assault common	5,527	20.3
Child protection	95	0.3
Concealment of childbirth	88	0.3
Culpable homicide	50	0.2
Defeating justice	54	0.2
Habit drugs	98	0.4
Internal security	413	1.5
Liquor offences	91	0.3
Malicious damage	1,583	5.8
Road Traffic Accidents	4,854	17.8
Theft by false pretence	270	1.0
Theft common	4,168	15.3
Theft from car	497	1.8
Threats of violence	298	1.1
Traffic offences	7,683	28.2
Unlawful poss. Of stock	96	0.4
Other General Cases	662	2.4
Total	27,233	100.0

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

5.2 General Cases of Crime in Policing Districts

The LMPS classified their operational area into 11 Policing districts, namely, Maseru Urban, Maseru Rural, Thaba-Tseka, Berea, Leribe, Botha-Bothe, Mokhotlong, Mafeteng, Mohale's Hoek, Quthing and Qacha's Nek.

An overall idea on how General cases of crime were reported in different Policing districts is discussed in this section. Hence, table 5.2 portrays the percentage distribution of General cases reported in Policing districts. As shown by the table, Maseru Urban reported the largest (38.6 percent) proportion of General cases in 2019. Leribe and Maseru Rural followed with the proportion of 9.4 and 8.8 percent of reported General cases respectively. Maseru Rural and Mohale's Hoek reported the proportion of 8.8 percent cases of General cases each. The remaining Policing districts reported General cases ranging from 3.6 to 7.8 percent with Quthing reporting the least (3.5 percent) proportion of General cases in 2019.

The table further explains that Maseru Urban reported the proportion of (28.6 percent) of Assault common cases followed by Maseru Rural with the proportion of 14.3 percent of Assault common cases. Leribe and Mokhotlong reported the proportion of 12.6 and 11.0 percent of Assault common cases respectively. The remaining Policing districts reported Assault common cases ranging from 3.3 to 9.7 percent with Quthing reporting the least (1.8 percent) proportion of Assault common cases.

Additionally, it is observed that Maseru Urban reported more than half (59.0 percent) of cases of Road Traffic Accident. Maseru Rural and Leribe followed with the proportion of 8.4 percent of Road Traffic Accident cases each. The remaining Policing districts reported Road Traffic Accident cases ranging from 1.4 to 6.1 percent with Mokhotlong reporting the least proportion of 0.9 percent of Road Traffic Accident cases across the country.

Regarding the reported Theft common cases, Maseru Urban reported almost half (46.8 percent) of all the reported Theft common cases across the country followed by Leribe and Maseru Rural with the proportion of 14.0 and 7.9 percent of Theft common cases respectively. The remaining Policing districts reported Theft common cases ranging from 1.9 to 6.4 percent with Quthing reporting the least (1.5 percent) of Theft common cases.

Table 5.2 continues to state that Maseru Urban reported the bigger (33.1 percent) proportion of cases of Traffic offence. Mohale's Hoek and Mafeteng followed with the proportion of 22.0 and 11.3 percent of Traffic offence cases respectively. The remaining Policing districts reported Traffic offence cases ranging from 2.4 to 7.7 percent while the Policing district reporting the least proportion of Traffic offence cases was Mokhotlong with 1.5 percent.

However, for reported Abduction cases, the higher 19.4 percent) proportion is reported in Maseru Rural followed by Qacha's Nek with the proportion of 12.9 percent of reported Abduction cases across the country. Leribe, Mokhotlong and Mohale's Hoek reported the proportion of 11.3 percent of Abduction cases each. The remaining Policing districts reported abduction cases ranging from 3.2 to 9.7 percent with Botha-Bothe reporting the least proportion of 2.3 percent of Abduction cases.

Table 5.2: Percentage Distribution of Reported General Cases of Crime by Policing Districts – 2019

General Cases of Crime	Maseru Urban	Maseru Rural	Thaba-Tseka	Berea	Leribe	Bothe-Bothe	Mokhotlong	Mafeteng	Mohale's Hoek	Quthing	Qacha's Nek	Total
Abduction	9.7	19.4	6.5	4.8	11.3	1.6	11.3	3.2	11.3	8.1	12.9	100.0
Arms & ammunition	11.5	12.7	9.7	12.4	7.4	3.8	8.8	15.6	12.1	3.2	2.7	100.0
Arson	10.5	22.0	14.4	5.6	16.1	6.9	5.9	6.9	3.3	3.9	4.6	100.0
Assault common	28.6	14.3	5.7	9.7	12.6	4.6	11.0	5.8	3.3	1.8	2.6	100.0
Child protection	24.2	10.5	6.3	8.4	13.7	3.2	7.4	8.4	4.2	7.4	6.3	100.0
Concealment of childbirth	14.8	13.6	9.1	12.5	15.9	3.4	4.5	14.8	1.1	5.7	4.5	100.0
Culpable homicide	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	2.0	0.0	4.0	82.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Defeating justice	24.1	13.0	5.6	11.1	9.3	7.4	7.4	11.1	1.9	3.7	5.6	100.0
Habit drugs	27.6	15.3	6.1	4.1	2.0	4.1	4.1	16.3	6.1	8.2	6.1	100.0
Internal security	33.2	13.6	7.5	6.5	13.3	2.7	7.5	10.4	1.5	1.2	2.7	100.0
Liquor offences	34.1	8.8	2.2	30.8	11.0	4.4	1.1	4.4	1.1	1.1	1.1	100.0
Malicious damage	40.7	11.5	3.9	7.8	12.6	3.8	6.4	6.5	2.9	1.3	2.7	100.0
Road Traffic Accidents	59.0	8.4	3.0	6.1	8.4	1.4	0.9	4.6	4.4	1.8	2.2	100.0
Theft by false pretence	51.1	0.0	1.1	11.5	15.6	2.6	0.0	16.7	0.4	1.1	0.0	100.0
Theft common	46.8	7.9	3.9	6.4	14.0	3.6	5.1	6.3	2.6	1.5	1.9	100.0
Theft from car	60.6	4.6	0.2	2.2	17.5	4.6	2.8	5.6	0.2	0.2	1.4	100.0
Threats of violence	24.8	6.4	5.4	12.8	14.1		17.4	7.4	6.7	4.0	1.0	100.0
Traffic offences	33.1	4.7	4.0	4.0	2.7	2.4	1.5	11.3	22.0	7.7	6.6	100.0
Unlawful poss. Of stock	3.1	3.1	8.3	11.5	9.4	7.3	45.8	2.1	1.0		8.3	100.0
Other	15.7	8.9	5.4	11.8	17.1	8.8	10.9	7.6	6.6	3.5	3.8	100.0
Total	38.6	8.8	4.4	6.8	9.4	3.2	5.0	7.8	8.8	3.5	3.6	100.0

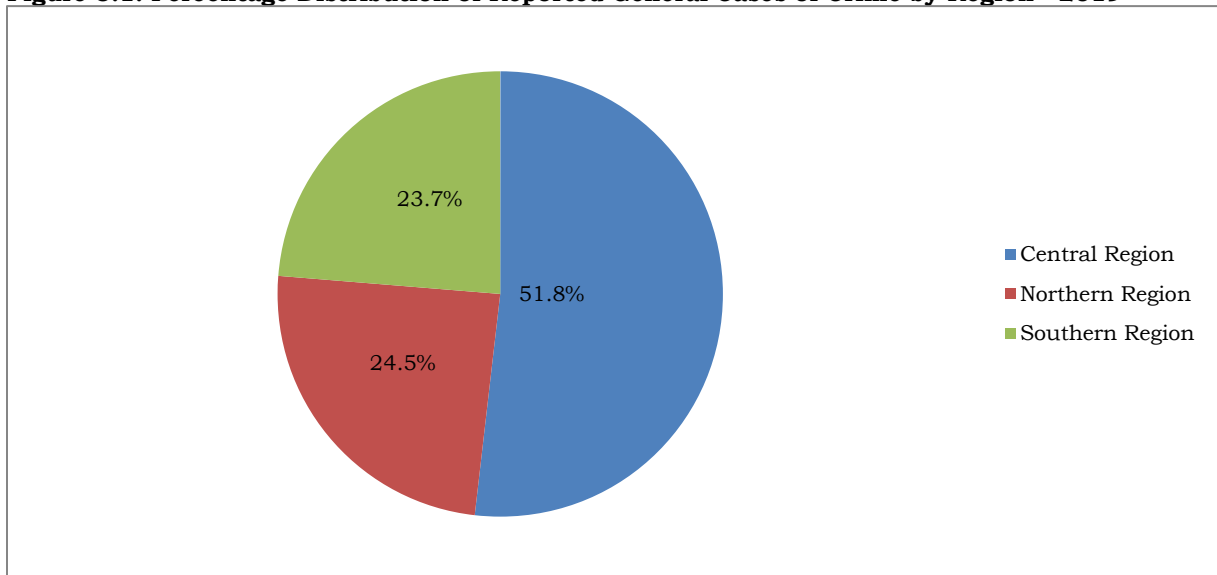
Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

5.3 General Cases of Crime in Regions

The LPMS categorised the Police Stations into three regions, namely; Central Region, Northern Region and Southern Region. Central Region comprises of Maseru Urban, Maseru Rural and Thaba-Tseka; the Northern Region comprises of Berea, Leribe, Botha-Bothe and Mokhotlong and the Southern Region comprises of Mafeteng, Mohale's Hoek, Quthing and Qacha's Nek.

This section informs on General crime cases reported based on the regions they were reported in. Thus, Figure 5.1 shows the percentage distribution of all reported General cases of crime in these three regions. According to the figure, almost half (51.8 percent) of the General cases reported in 2018 were reported in Central Region. The Northern Region and Southern Region followed with the proportion of 24.5 and 23.7 percent of General cases respectively.

Figure 5.1: Percentage Distribution of Reported General Cases of Crime by Region - 2019



Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

Furthermore, the section discusses the types of reported General cases by Region. Hence table 5.3 explains the percentage distribution of types of reported General cases by Region. As indicated by the table, Assault common, Road Traffic Accidents, Theft common and Traffic offence cases were the most reported crimes in all the regions.

Furthermore, Central Region reported the proportion of 24.2 percent of Road Traffic Accidents followed by the proportion of 22.7 percent of Traffic offence cases. The proportion of 22.7 and 19.0 percent of reported General crimes in Central Region constituted of Assault common and Theft common cases respectively. The remaining

reported General cases in Central Region ranged from 0.2 to 6.3 percent with Unlawful possession of stock cases in Central Region reporting 0.1 percent of General crimes.

In Northern Region, Assault common constituted the largest (31.5 percent) proportion of reported General crimes followed by the proportion 18.2 percent of reported Theft common cases. Crime cases of Road Traffic Accidents and Traffic offence reported in Northern Region constituted the proportion of 12.2 percent each. The remaining reported General crime cases in Northern Region ranged from 0.3 to 7.3 percent while the least reported General crime was Culpable homicide cases with the proportion of 0.1 percent.

For Southern Region, reported cases of Traffic offence constituted the majority (56.7 percent) of the reported General crimes followed by Assault common cases with the proportion of 11.5 percent of General crime cases. The crime cases of Road Traffic Accidents and Theft common cases constituted 9.5 and 7.9 percent of reported General crimes respectively. The remaining reported General crime cases in Southern Region ranged from 0.2 to 3.3 percent with Liquor offence cases reporting the least proportion of 0.1 percent.

Table 5.3: Percentage Distribution of Types of Reported General Cases of Crime by Region - 2019

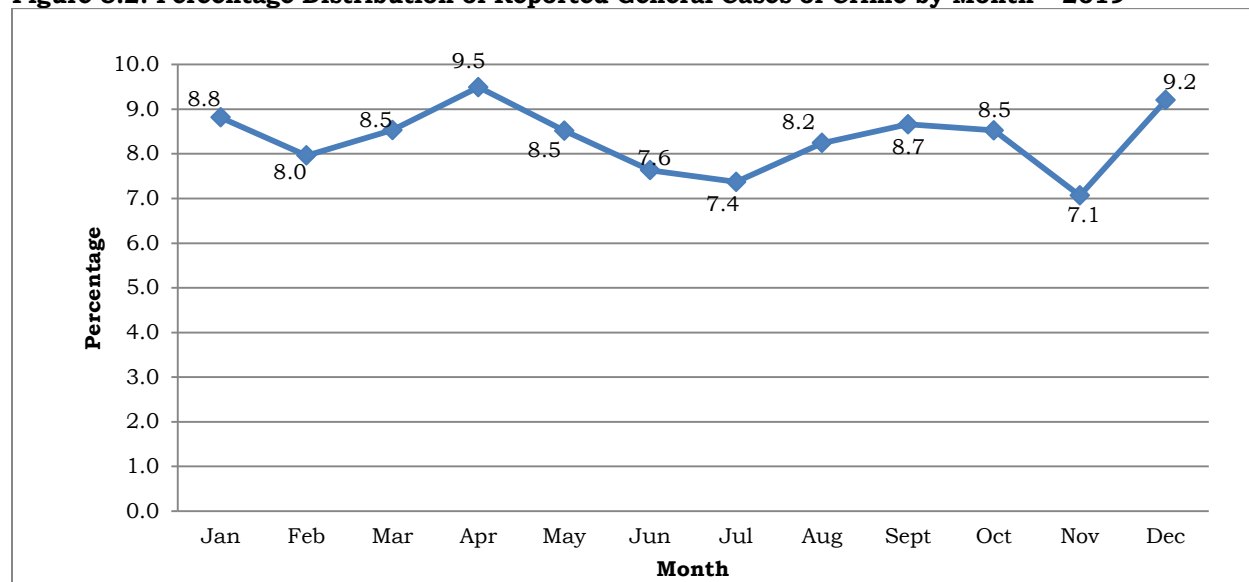
General Cases of Crime	Central	Northern	Southern
Abduction	0.2	0.3	0.3
Arms & ammunition	0.8	1.7	1.8
Arson	1.0	1.6	0.9
Assault common	19.0	31.5	11.5
Child protection	0.3	0.5	0.4
Concealment of childbirth	0.2	0.5	0.4
Culpable homicide	0.0	0.1	0.7
Defeating justice	0.2	0.3	0.2
Habit drugs	0.3	0.2	0.6
Internal security	1.6	1.9	1.0
Liquor offences	0.3	0.6	0.1
Malicious damage	6.3	7.3	3.3
Road Traffic Accidents	24.2	12.2	9.7
Theft by false pretence	1.0	1.2	0.8
Theft common	17.3	18.2	7.9
Theft from car	2.3	2.0	0.6
Threats of violence	0.8	2.0	0.9
Traffic offences	22.7	12.2	56.7
Unlawful poss. Of stock	0.1	1.1	0.2
Other General Cases	1.4	4.8	2.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

5.4 General Cases of Crime by Month

General Cases of crime were further analysed by month in which they were reported. Hence, the percentage distribution of General cases of crime reported by Month is illustrated in figure 5.2. As illustrated by the figure, the largest proportion of General cases of crime was reported during the month of April with 9.5 percent. The month of December followed with the proportion of 9.2 percent of General cases reported in 2019. The proportion of 8.8 percent of General crime cases were reported during the month of January while the months of March, May and October reported the General crime cases of 8.5 percent each. The remaining months reported General crime cases ranging from 7.4 to 8.0 percent of General crime cases with November reporting the lowest proportion of General Cases of Crime with 7.1 percent.

Figure 5.2: Percentage Distribution of Reported General Cases of Crime by Month – 2019



Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

The section further gives clarity on the types of General crime cases by month in which they were reported. Hence, table 5.4 displays the percentage distribution of the types of reported General crime cases by Month. As revealed by the table, the types of General crime cases reported mostly in all the months of the year constituted cases of Assault common, Road Traffic Accident, Theft common and Traffic offence.

For reported Assault common cases, October is observed to have reported the higher (23.9 percent) proportion of Assault common cases. The months of January and December reported the proportion of 23.8 and 22.7 percent of Assault common cases respectively. The remaining months reported Assault common cases ranging from 17.3 to 21.9 percent of Assault common cases with May reporting the least percentage of 16.7 percent of Assault common cases.

The table goes on to show that for Road Traffic Accident, March reported the larger proportion with 20.2 percent followed by June and April with the proportion of 20.0 and 19.7 percent of Road Traffic Accident cases respectively. The remaining months reported Road Traffic Accident cases ranging from 15.3 to 18.7 percent of Road Traffic Accident cases while November reported the least (15.2 percent) proportion of Road Traffic Accident cases.

For reported Theft common cases, June reported the largest (17.1 percent) proportion of followed by August and October with the proportion of 16.8 and 16.6 percent of Theft common cases respectively. The months of May, October and November reported the proportion of 16.0 percent of Theft common cases each. The remaining months reported Theft common cases ranging from 13.8 to 15.7 percent.

Regarding reported Traffic offence cases, February is observed to have reported the largest (32.0 percent) proportion of Traffic offence cases followed by months of May and September with the proportion of 31.0 and 30.4 percent of Traffic offence cases respectively. The remaining Traffic of reported in the months of January and March respectively. The remaining months reported Traffic offence cases ranging from 26.3 to 29.4 percent of Traffic offence cases.

Table 5.4: Percentage Distribution of Types of Reported General Cases of Crime by Month - 2019

General Cases of Crime	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
Abduction	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2
Arms & ammunition	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	0.7	1.6	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1
Arson	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9	1.5	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.7	1.0	1.4
Assault common	23.8	17.3	18.5	19.9	16.7	17.4	21.1	20.6	19.5	23.9	21.9	22.7
Child protection	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.6	0.1
Concealment of childbirth	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.3
Culpable homicide	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.4
Defeating justice	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3
Habit drugs	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.4
Internal security	2.4	1.3	1.9	1.5	1.8	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.1	1.4
Liquor offences	0.7	0.1	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.7	0.2
Malicious damage	4.2	5.8	4.6	4.8	6.2	5.9	5.2	5.8	5.3	6.2	7.3	8.5
Road Traffic Accidents	15.3	18.7	20.2	19.7	16.9	20.0	21.9	17.4	16.2	15.6	15.2	17.2
Theft by false pretence	1.3	1.3	1.2	0.7	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	0.2	1.1	0.6	0.6
Theft common	13.8	13.8	13.9	15.7	16.0	17.1	14.5	16.8	16.6	16.0	16.0	13.8
Theft from car	2.0	1.8	2.5	0.9	3.6	1.6	1.2	1.7	1.4	1.8	1.7	1.7
Threats of violence	1.0	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.4
Traffic offences	28.0	32.0	29.4	29.6	31.0	26.7	25.9	26.0	30.4	25.2	27.5	26.3
Unlawful poss. Of stock	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.2
Other General Cases	2.2	3.0	2.4	1.9	1.2	2.8	2.8	3.6	2.7	2.5	2.4	1.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

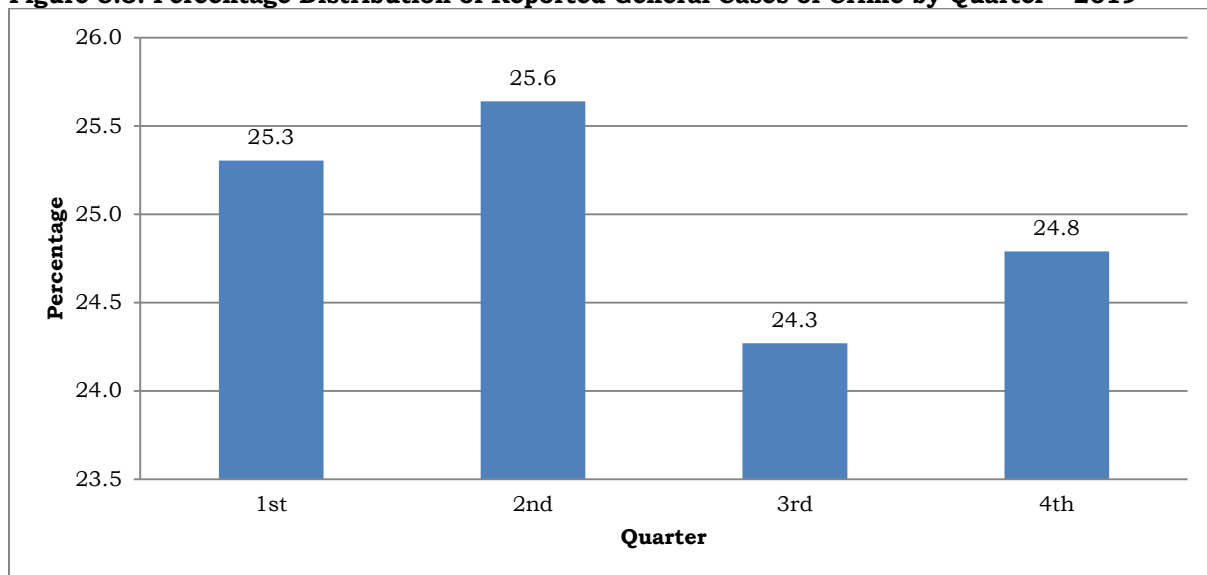
Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

5.5 General Cases of Crime by Quarter

This section presents the quarterly statistics on General Cases of Crime reported in 2019. One-year period that begins on the 1st of January and ends on the 31st December is used in determining quarters.

Table 5.3 below illustrates the percentage distribution of reported General cases of crime by quarter. According to the figure, there was a slight difference across four quarters of 2019. Moreover, Second quarter reported the highest (25.6 percent) proportion of General cases followed by first and fourth quarters with the proportion of 25.3 and 24.8 percent of reported General cases respectively. The third quarter reported the least (24.3 percent) proportion of reported General cases in 2019.

Figure 5.3: Percentage Distribution of Reported General Cases of Crime by Quarter – 2019



Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

5.6 Types of General Cases of Crime by Quarter

The main focus of this section is to analyse the types of reported General cases of crime by quarter. Hence, the percentage distribution of reported General cases of crime by quarter is presented in table 5.5 below. According to the table, it is observed that the top four leading types of General cases of crime reported throughout all quarters of 2019 are Assault common, Road Traffic Accidents, Theft common and Traffic offence cases.

For instance, Fourth quarter reported the proportion of 26.3 percent of Traffic offence cases followed by the proportion of 22.9 and 16.1 percent of Assault common and

Road Traffic Accident cases respectively. The cases of Theft common reported in Fourth quarter constituted 15.2 percent. The same pattern for each type of crime is generally the same throughout the year.

Table 5.5: Percentage Distribution of Reported General Cases by Quarter – 2019

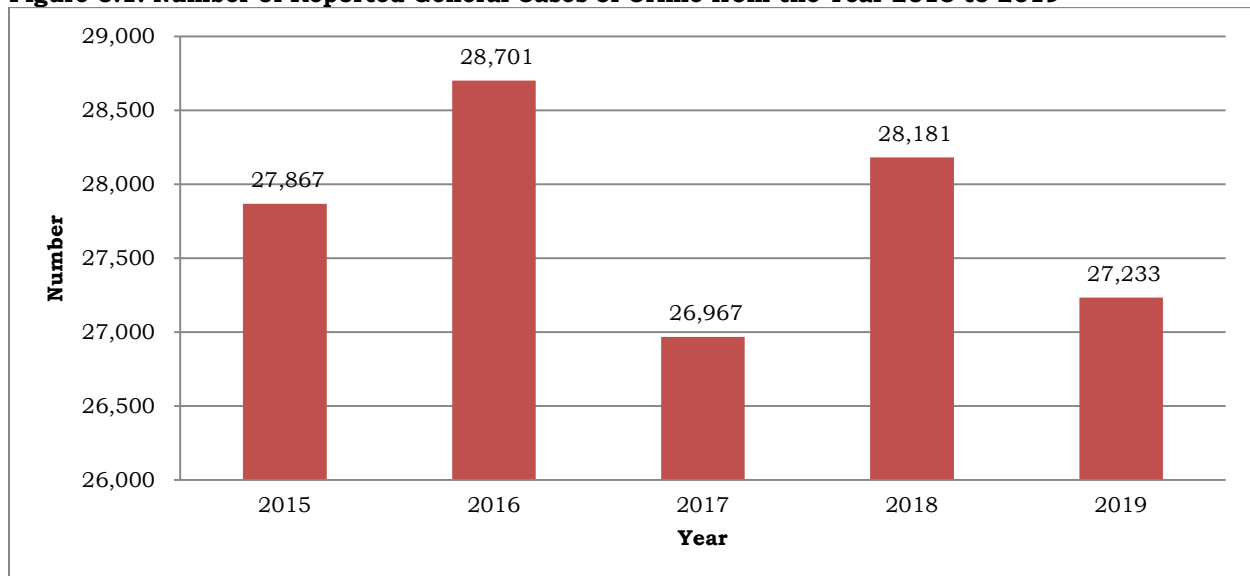
General Cases of Crime	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
Abduction	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2
Arms & ammunition	1.5	1.2	1.1	1.2
Arson	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.4
Assault common	20.0	18.1	20.4	22.9
Child protection	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3
Concealment of childbirth	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.4
Culpable homicide	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3
Defeating justice	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Habit drugs	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.2
Internal security	1.9	1.4	1.3	1.4
Liquor offences	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.4
Malicious damage	4.8	5.6	5.5	7.4
Road Traffic Accidents	18.0	18.8	18.3	16.1
Theft by false pretence	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.8
Theft common	13.8	16.2	16.0	15.2
Theft from car	2.1	2.0	1.5	1.7
Threats of violence	0.7	1.1	1.2	1.3
Traffic offences	29.7	29.2	27.5	26.3
Unlawful poss. Of stock	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.2
Other General Cases	2.5	1.9	3.0	2.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 – Police Head Quarters

6.0 Trend in Reported General Cases of Crime, 2015 - 2019

This section examines the level and trend in reported General cases of crime across the country from 2015 to 2019. Thus, Figure 6.1 depicts the number of reported General cases from the year 2015 to 2019. As depicted by the figure, the proportion of reported General crime cases increased by 1.0 percent from 2015 to 2016. However, the rate of reported General crime cases declined by 6.4 percent from 2016 to 2017. The proportion of reported General crime cases increased by 4.3 percent from 2017 to 2018 and declines by 3.5 percent from 2018 to 2019.

Figure 6.1: Number of Reported General Cases of Crime from the Year 2015 to 2019



Source: Crime Statistical Tables 2019 - Police Head Quarters

7.0 Summary

There were 27,233 General crime cases reported from the 1st January to 31st December, 2019. These General crime cases comprised of Abduction, Arms & ammunition, Arson, Assault Common, Child protection, Concealment of childbirth, Culpable homicide, Defeating justice, Habit drug, Internal security, Liquor offence, Malicious damage, Road Traffic Accident, Theft by false presence, Theft common, Theft from car, Threats of violence, Traffic offence, Unlawful possession of stock, and Others.

Of all the 27,233 reported General crime, cases of Assault common, Road Traffic Accident, Theft common and Traffic offence were the mostly reported crimes across the country. The Serious cases of crime were reported mostly in Maseru Urban. Hence, Central Region reported the majority of General crime cases. Furthermore, majority of General cases of crime were reported during the month of April, resulting in Second Quarter of the year reporting majority of General crime cases. There was a decrease in number of reported General crime cases from 2018 to 2019.

Annex 1: Grouping of Cases of Crime

Group 1: Serious Cases of Crime

Armed Robbery, Assault GBH (Assault with intend to cause grievous bodily harm), Attempted Murder, Car theft, Fraud, Housebreaking, Human trafficking, Murder, Robbery, Sexual offence and Stock theft.

Group 2: General Cases of Crime

Assault Common, Malicious damage, Road Traffic Accident, Theft common, Traffic offences, Internal security, Theft from car, Arms & ammunition, Theft by false pretence, Arson, Threats of violence, Unlawful possession of stock, Child protection, Concealment of childbirth, Habit drug and other general cases of crime which comprises of cases of Abduction, Liquor offences, False currency, Defeating justice, Sabotage, Mainstealing, Culpable homicide, Abortion, Forgery and uttering, Extortion, Aliens control, Labour code, Theft of motor vehicle parts, Trespass, Stock robbery, Tempering engine.

Annex 2: Reported Serious Cases of Crime

Table 1: Number of Reported General Cases of Crime – 2019

Serious Cases of Crime	Number
Armed robbery	558
Assault GBH	1,226
Attempted murder	320
Car theft	203
Fraud	470
House breaking	4,604
Murder	1,015
Robbery	895
Sexual offence	1,449
Stocktheft	2,523
Total	13,263

Table 2: Number of Reported General Cases of Crime by Policing Districts – 2019

Serious Cases of Crime	Armed robbery	Assault GBH	Attempted murder	Car theft	Fraud	House breaking	Murder	Robbery	Sexual offence	Stocktheft	Total
Maseru Urban	335	194	114	117	274	1,993	254	475	254	116	4,126
Maseru Rural	60	68	59	8	23	602	150	72	218	401	1,661
Thaba-Tseka	2	116	20	8	15	143	57	12	125	399	897
Berea	23	110	29	6	20	268	96	52	141	275	1,020
Leribe	42	171	17	31	47	489	138	153	190	374	1,652
Botha-Bothe	10	96	10	5	18	159	50	21	61	214	644
Mokhotlong	6	67	4	4	25	150	43	16	80	458	853
Mafeteng	58	108	37	14	13	400	96	53	106	84	969
Mohale's Hoek	14	126	12	5	12	172	61	34	128	23	587
Quthing	2	66	5	3	12	82	24	5	56	30	285
Qacha's Nek	6	104	13	2	11	146	46	2	90	149	569
Total	558	1,226	320	203	470	4,604	1,015	895	1,449	2,523	13,263

Table 3: Number of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Region – 2019

Region	Number
Central Region	6,684
Northern Region	4,169
Southern Region	2,410
Total	13,263

Table 4: Number of Types of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Region - 2019

Serious Cases of Crime	Central	Northern	Southern
Armed robbery	397	81	80
Assault GBH	378	444	404
Attempted murder	193	60	67
Car theft	133	46	24
Fraud	312	110	48
House breaking	2,738	1,066	800
Murder	461	327	227
Robbery	559	242	94
Sexual offence	597	472	380
Stocktheft	916	1,321	286
Total	6,684	4,169	2,410

Table 5: Number of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Month – 2019

Months	Number
January	1,131
February	1,025
March	1,081
April	1,173
May	1,099
June	1,080
July	1,103
August	1,034
September	1,090
October	1,194
November	966
December	1,287
Total	13,263

Table 6: Number of Types of Reported Serious Cases of Crime by Month - 2019

Serious Cases of Crime	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Armed robbery	36	37	35	43	40	49	55	65	33	51	50	64	558
Assault GBH	179	102	96	79	104	82	95	71	103	101	76	138	1,226
Attempted murder	33	28	21	18	32	16	20	28	22	27	34	41	320
Car theft	16	18	12	22	21	26	6	28	17	12	14	11	203
Fraud	51	40	40	45	36	38	36	39	25	52	30	38	470
House breaking	339	362	353	449	370	363	404	344	385	418	377	440	4,604
Murder	81	59	78	60	87	87	89	74	86	105	61	148	1,015
Robbery	60	44	50	83	85	85	67	64	83	83	83	108	895
Sexual offence	142	110	134	132	97	84	117	113	144	141	103	132	1,449
Stocktheft	194	225	262	242	227	250	214	208	192	204	138	167	2,523
Total	1,131	1,025	1,081	1,173	1,099	1,080	1,103	1,034	1,090	1,194	966	1,287	13,263

Table 7: Number of Reported Serious Cases by Quarter – 2019

Serious Cases of Crime	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
Armed robbery	108	132	153	165
Assault GBH	377	265	269	315
Attempted murder	82	66	70	102
Car theft	46	69	51	37
Fraud	131	119	100	120
House breaking	1,054	1,182	1,133	1,235
Murder	218	234	249	314
Robbery	154	253	214	274
Sexual offence	386	313	374	376
Stocktheft	681	719	614	509
Total	3,237	3,352	3,227	3,447

Table 8: Number of Reported Serious Cases by Quarter – 2019

Quarter	Number
Quarter 1	3,237
Quarter 2	3,352
Quarter 3	3,227
Quarter 4	3,447
Total	13,263

Table 9: Number of Reported Serious Cases of Crime from the Year 2015 to 2019

Year	Number
2015	14,010
2016	13,970
2017	13,072
2018	13,507
2019	13,263

Annex 3: Reported General Cases of Crime

Table 1: Number of Reported General Cases of Crime – 2019

General Cases of Crime	Number
Abduction	62
Arms & ammunition	339
Arson	305
Assault common	5,527
Child protection	95
Concealment of childbirth	88
Culpable homicide	50
Defeating justice	54
Habit drugs	98
Internal security	413
Liquor offences	91
Malicious damage	1,583
Road Traffic Accidents	4,854
Theft by false pretence	270
Theft common	4,168
Theft from car	497
Threats of violence	298
Traffic offences	7,683
Unlawful poss. Of stock	96
Other	662
Total	27,233

Table 2: Number of Reported General Cases of Crime by Policing Districts – 2019

General Cases of Crime	Maseru Urban	Maseru Rural	Thaba-Tseka	Berea	Leribe	Both-Bothe	Mokhotlong	Mafeteng	Mohale's Hoek	Quthing	Qacha's Nek	Total
Abduction	6	12	4	3	7	1	7	2	7	5	8	62
Arms & ammunition	39	43	33	42	25	13	30	53	41	11	9	339
Arson	32	67	44	17	49	21	18	21	10	12	14	305
Assault common	1,580	788	316	538	698	254	608	318	185	101	141	5,527
Child protection	23	10	6	8	13	3	7	8	4	7	6	95
Concealment of childbirth	13	12	8	11	14	3	4	13	1	5	4	88
Culpable homicide				5	1		2	41	1			50
Defeating justice	13	7	3	6	5	4	4	6	1	2	3	54
Habit drugs	27	15	6	4	2	4	4	16	6	8	6	98
Internal security	137	56	31	27	55	11	31	43	6	5	11	413
Liquor offences	31	8	2	28	10	4	1	4	1	1	1	91
Malicious damage	644	182	61	124	199	60	101	103	46	21	42	1,583
Road Traffic Accidents	2,862	408	145	295	408	66	43	222	213	85	107	4,854
Theft by false pretence	138		3	31	42	7	-	45	1	3		270
Theft common	1,952	329	162	268	582	150	213	261	110	61	80	4,168
Theft from car	301	23	1	11	87	23	14	28	1	1	7	497
Threats of violence	74	19	16	38	42		52	22	20	12	3	298
Traffic offences	2,541	360	309	306	205	186	117	872	1,688	589	510	7,683
Unlawful poss. Of stock	3	3	8	11	9	7	44	2	1		8	96
Other	104	59	36	78	113	58	72	50	44	23	25	662
Total	10,520	2,401	1,194	1,851	2,566	875	1,372	2,130	2,387	952	985	27,233

Table 3: Number of Reported General Cases of Crime by Region – 2019

Region	Number
Central Region	14,115
Northern Region	6,664
Southern Region	6,454
Total	27,233

Table 4: Number of Types of Reported General Cases of Crime by Region - 2019

General Cases of Crime	Central	Northern	Southern
Abduction	22	18	22
Arms & ammunition	115	110	114
Arson	143	105	57
Assault common	2,684	2,098	745
Child protection	39	31	25
Concealment of childbirth	33	32	23
Culpable homicide	0	8	42
Defeating justice	23	19	12
Habit drugs	48	14	36
Internal security	224	124	65
Liquor offences	41	43	7
Malicious damage	887	484	212
Road Traffic Accidents	3,415	812	627
Theft by false pretence	141	80	49
Theft common	2,443	1,213	512
Theft from car	325	135	37
Threats of violence	109	132	57
Traffic offences	3,210	814	3,659
Unlawful poss. Of stock	14	71	11
Other	199	321	142
Total	14,115	6,664	6,454

Table 5: Number of Reported General Cases of Crime by Month – 2019

Months	Number
January	2,400
February	2,168
March	2,323
April	2,585
May	2,319
June	2,078
July	2,007
August	2,244
September	2,358
October	2,321
November	1,924
December	2,506
Total	27,233

Table 6: Number of Types of Reported General Cases of Crime by Month - 2019

General Cases of Crime	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Abduction	17	6	4	3	5	3	3	5	3	6	2	5	62
Arms & ammunition	44	30	28	31	29	24	15	35	25	28	22	28	339
Arson	25	13	15	16	21	32	31	23	35	40	20	34	305
Assault common	570	375	430	515	387	362	424	462	459	554	421	568	5,527
Child protection	17	10	8	12	7	5	7	6	3	6	12	2	95
Concealment of childbirth	10	8	13	3	3	8	2	8	6	10	10	7	88
Culpable homicide	2	-	2	6	2	3	5	2	7	4	7	10	50
Defeating justice	3	8	5	8	4	3	2	3	5	3	3	7	54
Habit drugs	4	14	9	15	8	12	5	7	8	2	4	10	98
Internal security	58	28	44	38	41	22	25	30	34	36	22	35	413
Liquor offences	17	3	16	11	4	8	1	2	5	4	14	6	91
Malicious damage	101	125	107	125	144	122	105	131	125	144	140	214	1,583
Road Traffic Accidents	368	405	470	508	392	415	439	390	382	362	292	431	4,854
Theft by false pretence	31	28	28	19	24	27	27	29	4	26	11	16	270
Theft common	332	299	322	407	370	355	291	376	391	371	308	346	4,168
Theft from car	47	40	57	23	84	34	24	39	33	42	32	42	497
Threats of violence	23	11	16	23	33	19	19	20	43	32	25	34	298
Traffic offences	672	694	683	766	720	555	519	584	717	584	530	659	7,683
Unlawful poss. Of stock	6	6	10	6	13	11	7	12	10	9	2	4	96
Other	53	65	56	50	28	58	56	80	63	58	47	48	662
Total	2,400	2,168	2,323	2,585	2,319	2,078	2,007	2,244	2,358	2,321	1,924	2,506	27,233

Table 7: Number of Reported General Cases by Quarter – 2019

General Cases of Crime	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
Abduction	27	11	11	13
Arms & ammunition	102	84	75	78
Arson	53	69	89	94
Assault common	1375	1264	1345	1543
Child protection	35	24	16	20
Concealment of childbirth	31	14	16	27
Culpable homicide	4	11	14	21
Defeating justice	16	15	10	13
Habit drugs	27	35	20	16
Internal security	130	101	89	93
Liquor offences	36	23	8	24
Malicious damage	333	391	361	498
Road Traffic Accidents	1243	1315	1211	1085
Theft by false pretence	87	70	60	53
Theft common	953	1132	1058	1025
Theft from car	144	141	96	116
Threats of violence	50	75	82	91
Traffic offences	2049	2041	1820	1773
Unlawful poss. Of stock	22	30	29	15
Other	174	136	199	153
Total	6891	6982	6609	6751

Table 8: Number of Reported General Cases by Quarter – 2019

Quarter	Number
Quarter 1	6,891
Quarter 2	6,982
Quarter 3	6,609
Quarter 4	6,751
Total	27,233

Table 9: Number of Reported General Cases of Crime from the Year 2015 to 2019

Year	Number
2015	27,867
2016	28,701
2017	26,967
2018	28,181
2019	27,233

Annex 4: Reported Serious and General Cases of Crime

Table 10: Number of Reported Serious and General Cases of Crime - 2019

Cases of Crime	Number
Abduction	62
Abortion	27
Administering poison	5
Aggravated Theft	1
Aliens Control	7
Armed robbery	558
Arms & ammunition	339
Arson	305
Assault common	5,527
Assault GBH	1,226
Attempted murder	320
Attempts	12
Bestiality	3
Breach of Peace	16
Breaking into Motor Vehicle	3
Bribery	10
Car theft	203
Child protection	95
Child Molestation	3
Concealment of childbirth	88
Conspiracy to murder	3
Corrections Act	4
Contempt of court	3
Corruption	8
CP/E	10
Culpable homicide	50
Customs & Excise	1
Defeating justice	54
Defamation of character	10
Disrespectation Judicial proceedings	1
Diamonds Act	5
Education Act	1
Escaping custody	25
Environment Act	2
Extortion	16
False currency	43
False Statement	1
Forgery and Uttery	28
Forestry Act	1
Fraud	470
Habit drugs	98
Health Order	1
House breaking	4,604
Human trafficking	7
Illegal importation Of stock	6
Indecent Assault	11
Impersonating Police	2
Infant exposure	1
Internal security	413
Involuntary Acts	1
Labour code	19
Lands Act	27
Legal Notice of 141	4
Liquor offences	91
Malicious damage	1,583
Manstealing	34
Meetings & Processions	4
Mines & Minerals Act	1
Misuse of property	1
Money Laundering	2
Murder	1,015
National ID Act	7
Nurses and midwives act	1
Passport Act	1

Penal Code	14
Perjury	2
Police act	11
Precious stones Act	3
Public indecency	1
Public Violence	5
Road Traffic Accident	4,854
Range Management Act	23
Receiving Stolen Property	2
Resisting Arrest	1
Robbery	895
Sabotage	90
Sexual offence	1,449
Stock produce	7
Sodomy	3
Stock Robbery	28
Stocktheft	2,523
Tempering Electricity	1
Tempering Engine	10
Tempering Stock	3
Theft by false pretence	270
Theft common	4,168
Theft of m/v parts	4
theft from car	497
threats of violence	298
Trading without .Licence	1
Traffic offences	7,683
Trespass	16
Unlawful borrowing	1
Unlawful detention	3
Unlawful poss. Of property	1
Unlawful poss. Of car	23
Unlawful poss. Of firearm	21
Unlawful poss. Of stock	96
Violating Graves	2
Wool and Mohair regulations	1
Water & Sewerage Act	1
Wrongful application of funds	5
Total	40,496